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The Bombay Gazette.

No 9,795—New Series. BOMBAY:—TUESDAY, APRIL 13, 1880.

THE BOMBAY GAZETTE.

THE Rates of Subscription to the *Bombay Gazette* are as follow:—

To Subscribers in Bombay—*Delivered free.*

In Advance.		*In Arrear.*	
Per Annum	Rs. 48	Per Annum	Rs. 60
Half-yearly	„ 25	Half-yearly	„ 31
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First insertion	Rs. 5 0
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Fourth and succeeding insertions	„ 0 2½ As.

A line, but no Advertisement counted as less than eight lines.
All Advertisements are charged according to the space occupied. Nonpareil or smallest type, 12 lines of which go to the inch.

LONG ADVERTISEMENTS.

First insertion .....8 As. per Line.
Second do. .....4 „ „
Third and succeeding .....2 „ „
In the Native Languages, double the above.

For Advertisements which are to be inserted for a considerable time special contracts may be made.

SPECIAL SHORT ADVERTISEMENTS.

Advertisements of two or three lines relating to such matter as Small Sales, Business Cards, Situations, Wanted or Servant Required, Houses or Lodgings to Let, Changes of Residence, Articles Lost or Found. The scale for Advertisements belonging to any of these classes as follows:—

Not exceeding three lines.....Re. 1-0
Each succeeding line „ 0-8

Advertisements exceeding five lines will be charged for at our present ordinary rates.
No Advertisement will be inserted for less than *One Rupee* and payment must in all cases be made in *Cash.*

"BOMBAY GAZETTE" OVERLAND SUMMARY.

Subscription for one Year, *Post Free in India*, Rs. 12. Postage to England, Rs. 6-8.
Price per Copy .....As. 4.

DOMESTIC OCCURRENCES (EACH—TWO RUPEES.

All Cheques, Money Orders, and other Remittances should be made payable to the "Proprietor of the *Bombay Gazette.*"

SHIPPING.

THE BRITISH INDIA STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY (LIMITED).

WILL DESPATCH STEAMERS AS FOLLOWS:—

FOR COAST AND CALCUTTA.

S. S. MALDA, 1,945 Tons, on THURSDAY, 15th April, 1880, at 3 P. M., calling at Ratnagherry, Vingorla, Goa, Carwar, Coompta, Mangalore, Cannanore, Tellicherry, Beypore, Calicut, Cochin, Alleppey, Tuticorin, Colombo, Galle, Negapatam, Madras, Coconada, Visagapatam, Bimlipatam, Gopalpore, False Point, Ports are called at in the foregoing or any order.

Conveyance to the Nilgherry Hills.—The steamers are timed to reach Beypore at daybreak, and arrangements have been made for a train to leave Beypore specially in connection with the steamers' arrival to convey passengers right through to Mettapolium, where they will arrive at 7-45 p. m., and after staying for the night can proceed up the Ghat early the following morning.

FOR KURRACHEE AND PERSIAN GULF.

THE S.S. COCONADA, 862, Tons, on TUESDAY, 13th April, at 4 p. m., calling at Kurrachee, Gwadur, Bunder Abbas, Lingah, Bahrein, Bushire, Fao and Basreh, in the foregoing or any order.

FOR CUTCH MANDAVIE AND KURRACHEE.

S. S. JAVA, 1,465 Tons, on SATURDAY, 17th April, 1880, at 10 a.m.

MACKINNON, MACKENZIE & Co.,
Bombay, 9th April 1880. Agents.

STEAM COMMUNICATION WITH ITALY, VIA SUEZ CANAL.

ITALIAN STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY of Messrs. R. RUBATTINO & Co., GENOA.
THE REGULAR STEAMERS LEAVE GENOA AND BOMBAY on the 24th, *of each Month.*

PASSENGERS' RATES FROM BOMBAY.
[Inclusive of all Transit Fees through the Suez Canal.]

	1st Class.	2nd Class.	3rd Class.
Aden	Rs. 220	Rs. 150	Rs. 40
Suez	360	220	80
Port Said	380	240	90
Messina	500	340	140
Naples	500	340	140
Leghorn	520	340	140
Genoa	500	340	140
Marseilles	520	350	140

Including Wine. Without food.

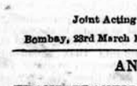
Children under 3 years, free of charge; Children not above 10 years, half fare.
Passengers' heavy Baggage will be delivered in LONDON FREE of CHARGE to the extent allowed in the Handbooks. All extra Luggage will be charged for at rates which can be learnt from the Agent.

NEXT STEAMERS FROM BOMBAY:—
SUMATRA, to sail on SATURDAY, 1st May, 1880.
INDIA, to sail on TUESDAY, 1st June, 1880.

All Steamers of this Company have large First and Second Class accommodation; and always carry a Doctor and a Stewardess on board.
The steamers of this Company, as a rule, start precisely at 10 a.m. Any unavoidable detention will, however, be advertised at least one day previously.
First and Second Class through Railway Tickets, from NAPLES to LONDON, are now issued here at rates which can be learnt from the undersigned.
Cargo for Barcelona and Odessa can now be booked at through rates.
For Hand-books of information, rates of freight, &c., apply to
F. MURAGLIA,
DARASHAW SORABJEE,
Joint Acting Agents, Rubattino S. N. Company.
No. 2, Hummum Street.
Bombay, 23rd March 1880.

ANCHOR LINE
OF
TRANSATLANTIC, PENINSULAR, MEDITERRANEAN AND INDIAN STEAMSHIPS.

INDIAN SERVICE.



THE following sailings have been arranged from Bombay:—
TO LIVERPOOL DIRECT.

Commanders.	Tons.	H. P. Nominal	
S. S. MACEDONIA..J. Laird	2272	486	24th April.
S. S. ITALIA .....T. G. Knox	2245	451	5th May.
S. S. SIDONIAN ....McFee	1235	203	29th May.
S. S. INDIAN.....Geo. H. Read ...	2289	500	12th June.
S. S. BRITANNIA....R. Hutchison	3060	500	26th do.
S. S. OLYMPIA .....J. Craig	2050	424	To follow.

The Sidonian has not Passenger accommodation.
TO MARSEILLES, GENOA AND NAPLES.

S. S. ALEXANDRIA.. A. Linglister	1629	424	15th May.

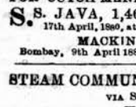
These Steamers have been specially fitted for the Indian Trade, and have accommodation for a large number of Saloon Passengers.
Each steamer carries a SURGEON and STEWARDESS.

Fare through to		
New York		Rs 600
„ „ Liverpool		„ 600
„ „ Marseilles and Genoa		„ 450
„ „ Naples		„ 400

For plans, handbooks of information, and for any further information apply to
W. & A. GRAHAM & Co., Agents.
Graham's Buildings, Bombay.
N.B.—The New York passages are booked in connection with the Company's Atlantic Mail Service either from Greenock or from London.
There are weekly sailings from either place.

MR. DAVID McIVER'S LINE OF STEAMERS.

BOMBAY TO LIVERPOOL.
VIA SUEZ CANAL.



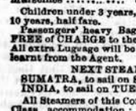
THE following sailings have been arranged from Bombay:—

	Com.	Tons.	H. P. nom.	
S. S. SICILY	Green	1675	220	on 16th April.
S. S. THESSALY	F. Harbord.	1925	200	on 5th June.

FARE .....Rs. 400.
For further particulars apply to
W. & A. GRAHAM & Co., Agents.
Bombay, 23rd March 1880.

HALL LINE OF STEAMERS.

BOMBAY TO LIVERPOOL DIRECT.
CALLING AT MALTA.



THE following STEAMERS will be despatched for the above port:—

Captains.	Tons.	H. P.	
BRANKSOME HALL...N. Collin	2,100	300	about May 5th.
TRENTHAM HALL....C. Shaw	2,100	3.0	„ June 3rd.

FARE TO MALTA .....Rs. 400
„ TO LIVERPOOL.....„ 500
Each Steamer carries a Surgeon and Stewardess.
For urther particulars apply to
EDWARD BATES & Co.,
Elphinstone Circle, Bombay. Agents.

HALL LINE

BETWEEN
BOMBAY AND LIVERPOOL.
CALLING AT MALTA.

FARE TO MALTA.....Rs. 400.
„ LIVERPOOL.....„ 500.

THE following sailings have been arranged from Bombay:—

	Tons.	H.P.	Captains.	1880.
S. S. SPEKE HALL	2700	400	W. Brand	24th Apl.
S. S. CITY OF BALTIMORE	2300	300	J. Verril	10th May.
S. S. RYDAL HALL	2700	400	O. Lloyd	18th June.

These fast steamers have been specially built and adapted in every way for the Bombay trade.
Each Steamer carries a SURGEON and STEWARDESS.
For plans, handbooks, or for any other information apply to
W. & A. GRAHAM & Co., Agents.
Graham's Buildings, Bombay.

SHIPPING.

PENINSULAR AND ORIENTAL COMPANY.

STEAM TO SOUTHAMPTON, BRINDISI, VENICE, MARSEILLES, ADEN, SUEZ, MALTA AND GIBRALTAR.

THE following or other Steamers will be despatched as above:—

Vessels	Tons.	H.P.	Captains.	1880.
KAISER-I-HIND....	4023	700	R. Methven	17th April.
SURAT	3141	530	W. E. Breeze	24th do.
KHIVA [Extra]	2609	453	G W. Atkinson	28th do.
VERONA	3065	600	W. Barratt	1st May.
VENETIA	2726	450	J. Orman	8th do.
MONGOLIA	2833	530	E. M. Edmond	15th do.
SUMATRA.....	2488	450	R. F. Briscoe	22nd do.
KASHGAR	2021	450	E. J. Baker	29th do.

A Launch leaves the Company's Dock Head, Mazagon, at 3 p.m. on the day of sailing.
For passage, &c., apply to
F. D. PARKER,
Bombay, 29th March 1880. Superintendent.

P. & O. S. N. COMPANY.

EXTRA STEAMER TO SOUTHAMPTON.

THE Steam Ship KHIVA 2,609 Tons and 450 H P, will be despatched as above on the 28th April, carrying passengers and cargo.
For particulars of freight and passage apply to
F. D. PARKER,
Bombay, 30th March 1880. Superintendent.

STEAM TO CEYLON, PENANG, STRAITS, CHINA, AND JAPAN.

THE following Steamers will be despatched for the above ports:—

Vessels.	Tons.	H.P.	Captains.	1880.
PESHAWUR	3900	600	D. Rennoldson	23rd April.
LOMBARDY.....	3723	450	W. B. Hall	7th May.

A Launch leaves the Company's Dock Head, Mazagon, at 3 p.m. on the day of sailing.
For Passage, &c., apply to
F. D. PARKER,
Bombay, 29th March 1880. Superintendent.

STEAM TO KING GEORGE'S SOUND, ADELAIDE, MELBOURNE, AND SYDNEY, CALLING AT GALLE.

THE following Steamers will be despatched for the above ports:—

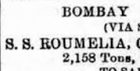
Vessels.	Tons.	H.P.	Captains.	1880.
TANJORE	2262	450	G. Scrivener	23rd April.

A Launch leaves the Company's Dock Head, Mazagon, at 3 p. m, on the day of sailing.
For Passage, &c., apply to
F. D. PARKER,
Bombay, 28th March 1880. Superintendent.

MELBOURNE EXHIBITION.

SPECIAL FIRST CLASS RETURN TICKETS, available for SIX MONTHS, will be issued to passengers visiting the Exhibition by the steamer of the 4th June and subsequent fortnightly steamers, at the REDUCED FARE of RUPEES SIX HUNDRED.
F. D. PARKER,
Superintendent P. & O. S. N. Company.
Bombay, 24th March 1880.

BOMBAY TO LIVERPOOL.
(VIA SUEZ CANAL.)
S. S. ROUMELIA, CAPTAIN FOTHERGILL, 2,158 Tons, 260 H.P. Nominal.
TO SAIL 17TH APRIL.



THIS Fine Steamer will be despatched as above.
She has comfortable First Class accommodated for Twenty-four Passengers.
Apply to
W. & A. GRAHAM & Co., Agents.
Bombay, 31st March 1880.

TELEGRAPH BANKING AGENCY.

THE Undersigned, as Managers of the above AGENCY, remit money by wire at current rates of exchange and at a minimum charge for the message to England or to any other part of the world, whereby payments can be made to any one named at the earliest possible moment.
Names, addresses, paragraphs, or sentences of any *purport* are codified under cyphers, whereby these can be telegraphed by using one word.
Every information and assistance afforded on application personally, or by letter.
WM. WATSON & Co.,
Anglo-Indian Agency, 28, Apollo Street, Bombay, and 27, Leadenhall Street, London.

NOTICE.

TO BE AUCTIONED at DHORAJI, on the 16th April next, about 450 HALF-PRESSED BALES of Dhoraji Machine Ginned Cotton, belonging to the Gondal State.
For further particulars apply to the SUPERINTENDENT, Dhoraji Ginning Factory.
Dhoraji, Kattywar, 31st March 1880.

NOTICE.

THE undersigned herewith gives notice that the PARTNERSHIP hitherto existing between himself and Mr ADOLPHUS SILBIGER under the style of SILBIGER and Co. has this day been DISSOLVED.
CHARLES ZERRENNER,
13, Meadow Street.
Bombay, 7th April 1880.

HOT WEATHER UNDERVESTS.
THE ZEPHYR.
A BEAUTIFULLY OPEN NET UNDERVEST, made from the finest of fine Merino Wool, delicious wear for the hot weather.
Weight 3 oz.
Inches round Chest.
34, 36, 38, 40.
Price each.
Rs. 5-8, 6-0, 6-8, 7-0.
Sample Vests sent on receipt of Order.
WATSON & CO.,
ESPLANADE HOTEL,
BOMBAY.

ADVANTAGES OF ASSURING WITH THE ORIENTAL LIFE OFFICE

All that Experience has proved Practicable and Prudent in the Modern System of Life Assurance, Annuities, Endowments, and Pensions, can be obtained with perfect safety,
COMBINED with the following
FIVE NEW AND IMPORTANT FEATURES
Not granted by any other Company whatever:—
1. Policy-holders can Vote at Meetings.
2. Amalgamations *impossible.*
3. Funds in Government Securities only.
4. Native Lives assured at European Rates.
5. Premiums reduced to English Rates from date of leaving any Port in India, Ceylon or China.
POLICY-HOLDERS IN THE "ORIENTAL" ARE UNDER NO LIABILITY WHATEVER.
Lower Safe Rates than any other Office.
6. Office young, and therefore free from Old Liabilities.
7. Premiums can be paid Yearly, Half Yearly, Quarterly, Monthly, or for a Limited Number of Years.
8. CLAIMS PAID ONE MONTH AFTER PROOF OF DEATH.
9. Liberal Surrender Value of 35 per cent.
10. Policies in the Form of Promissory Notes, and thus easily NEGOTIABLE AS A MARKETABLE SECURITY.
11. Entire Direction in India.
12. Special Protection to Assignees.
13. The Most Economical Management.
14. Preliminary Expenses Rs. 970-15-0 only.
15. Lapsed Policies Revived without Fine.
16. Policy-holders can appoint their own Trustees, Auditors, or Consulting Actuary.
17. Medical Examinations arranged anywhere to suit Assurers.
18. PENSION BRANCH open to all Races.
19. No Restriction on Travel.
Plans Simple, Tedious Details in Effecting Assurances Abolished.
Detailed Prospectuses, Proposal Forms, Reports, and full particulars on application to
D. McLAUCHLAN SLATER, F.I.A.,
Manager and Actuary.
Head Office, 9, Elphinstone Circle, Bombay.
Or any of the Agents in India.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

GAIETY THEATRE, BOMBAY.

PROPRIETOR .....Mr. C. S. Nazir.

TUESDAY, APRIL 13, 1880.

UNDER THE DISTINGUISHED PATRONAGE AND IN THE IMMEDIATE PRESENCE OF
H. E. THE HON. L. ASHBURNER, C. S. I., H. E. GENERAL WARRE, C. B.,
AND
H. E. ADMIRAL GORE-JONES, R. N.

BENEFIT OF
MR. C. S. NAZIR.

THIS EVENING, AT 9 O'CLOCK,
Tobin's Standard Comedy in 3 Acts,
"THE HONEYMOON."

The Duke of Aranza	Mr. C. S. Nazir.
Count Montalban	Mr. C. Cartwright.
Captain Rolando	Mr. H. B. Teesdale.
Signor Balthazar	Mr. A. B Tapping.
Jaques	Mr. J. S. Hewitt.
Campillo	Mr. Carlyon.
Juliana ..... Volante ..... Zamora	Daughters of Balthazar — Miss Agnes Birchenough. Miss Edith Wilson. Miss Madge Antoinette.

To be followed by the Vaudeville,
"THE SWISS COTTAGE."

Matz Teik, a peasant	Mr. J. S. Hewitt.
Corporal Max	Mr. Fred. Ferrari.
Lisette	Miss Madge Antoinette.

Between the pieces Mr. C. S. Nazir will deliver an address, and Miss Madge Antoinette will appear as
"THE PARSEE GIRL OF THE PERIOD."
And sing the well-known song (written by Mr. C. S. Nazir for Miss Grace Egerton),
"RATAE MADAM IS MY NAME"

ON WEDNESDAY,
"OUR BOYS."

PRICES OF ADMISSION.

Stage Box to admit 8	Rs. 32
Private Box to admit 4	„ 16
Orchestra Stalls	„ 4
Stalls	„ 3
Pit	„ 2
Back Seats	„ 1

Boxes and Orchestra Stalls can be reserved at Messrs. SOUNDY and Co.
Doors open at 8-30; performance to commence at 9.

STAGE MANAGER ..... Mr. H. R. TEESDALE.
MUSICAL DIRECTOR... „ A. J. LEVEY.
Soldiers, Sailors and Volunteers in uniform half price to Back Seats.

BOMBAY MUNICIPAL CORPORATION.

THE ADJOURNED SPECIAL GENERAL and QUARTERLY MEETINGS of the Corporation of Bombay, as already advertised, will be held here at 3 p.m. THIS DAY (TUESDAY).
R. P. BRUNTON,
Acting Clerk, Municipal Corporation, and Secretary, Town Council.
Municipal Offices, Bombay, 13th April 1880.

NATIONAL BANK OF INDIA, LIMITED.

NOTICE.

THE TRANSFER BOOKS of this Bank will be CLOSED from the 19th to the 29th instant, both days Inclusive.
By Order of the Board,
W. A. BAKER,
Bombay, 12th April 1880. Manager.

SKY LIGHTS and VENTILATING TILES, made by the BASEL GERMAN MISSION TILE WORKS, are of great use where light or air is required, as, for instance, in office rooms, workshops, &c. They are not only cheap, but they can be put in at any place desired, or removed to any other without any special provision in the structure of the roof. For particulars as to sketches, &c., apply to
WARDEN & Co.,
Sole Agents for the Bombay Presidency.
14, Meadow Street,; Port Depôt, Carnac Bunder.

NOTICE.

UNDER instructions from our client, Mr. HEERALALL JUMNADASS, of Kalbadevie Road, Bombay Merchant, we hereby give notice that he has from the 10th day of April, instant, DISMISSED from his service his CLERK or MEHTA, NITTARAM POOJARAM, and that no person or persons will deal or dealing with him as such Clerk or Mehta will do so at his or their own risk, peril and responsibility.—Dated this 12th day of April 1880.
BALKRISHNA & BHAGVANDAS,
Solicitors for Mr. Heeralall Jumnadass.

THE MAZAGON SPINNING AND MANUFACTURING COMPANY, LIMITED.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the ANNUAL ORDINARY GENERAL MEETING of the SHAREHOLDERS of the above Company will be held at the Registered Office of the Company, No. 5, Hornby Row, Fort, on MONDAY, the 19th day of April, 1880, at 3-30 p. m., to transact the following business:—
1. To receive and adopt the Directors' Report for the year ended 31st December, 1879, and the Balance Sheets and Profit and Loss Accounts for the two half years ended respectively the 30th June and 31st December, 1879.
2. To appoint two Directors in place of those who are retiring, but are eligible for re-election.
3. To appoint the Auditors for the current year and to fix their remuneration.
By Order of the Board of Directors,
C. & F. DINSHAWJEE, Agents.
Bombay, 10th April 1880.

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY.

ORDINARY ORIGINAL CIVIL JURISDICTION,
In the MATTER of the INDIAN COMPANIES' ACT X. of 1866, and in the MATTER of the ALLIANCE BANK of BOMBAY, LIMITED, IN LIQUIDATION.
HENRY STEAD .....Official Liquidator.

UPON hearing Messrs. TOBIN & ROUGHTON, Solicitors for the Official Liquidator of the above-mentioned Bank, I hereby appoint THURSDAY, the 29th day of April, 1880, at Eleven o'clock in the forenoon at my Chambers in the Court House to adjudicate upon the Debts and Claims of the Creditors of the said Bank.—Dated this 5th day of March 1880.
L. H. BAYLEY.
TOBIN & ROUGHTON,
Solicitors for the Official Liquidator of the above-mentioned Bank.

THE CARWAR COMPANY, LIMITED, IN LIQUIDATION.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a MEETING of the CREDITORS and SHAREHOLDERS of the above-named Company will be held at the Office of the Liquidator, 24, Apollo Street, Fort, on THURSDAY, the 22nd day of April, instant, at 3 o'clock p.m., when resolutions will be submitted for sanction to the following effect, viz:—
1st. That during the absence from Bombay of William Morison Macaulay, one of the Liquidators of the Company, his Co-Liquidator, Stewart Lambert Macnaghten, shall exercise solely all or any of the powers which could or might be exercised by the Liquidators jointly.
2nd. That pending the receipt by the Liquidators of a desirable offer for purchase of the Company's Presses, Factories, and other property at Goa and Suck, Hoobles, Carwar and elsewhere, they may be worked and the Company's business carried on by the Liquidators for the benefit of those concerned and the necessary expenses may be disbursed by them.
3rd. That for the above-mentioned purposes Mr. Geo. Robertson, of Hoobles, under the Power of Attorney in his favor, dated the 22nd day of November, 1879, which has been approved by the High Court of Judicature at Bombay, shall continue to act as Agent in the Establishment of the Company for the Liquidators or for the Liquidator for the time being in Bombay and in case of his ceasing to act as such Agent, then that the Liquidators or the Liquidator in Bombay shall have power to appoint an Attorney or Agent to act in his place and stead.
W. M. MACAULAY.
S. L. MACNAGHTEN.
Bombay, 12th April 1880. Liquidators.

SPECIAL SHORT ADVERTISEMENTS.

The scale for those Advertisements is as follows:—Not exceeding 3 lines, Re. 1; each succeeding line, As. 8. No trade advertisements are admitted under this scale.

TO MASONS.—FOR SALE, Royal Order of Scotland Apron and Sashes, priced Rs. 45. A Handsome 30th Sash Scotch, Rs. 45. Apply THORPE & Co., Masonic Outfitters, Bombay.

WANTED, a SITUATION of a MONTHLY NURSE to attend the sick or House-keeper. Apply to D. H—p, *Bombay Gazette* Office.

AN ENGINEER possessing health and vigour, Member Inst. C. Engrs., of varied experience in different countries, retired after 15 years' service in the General, Canals and Railways of the P. W. Dept., with a small capital, desires an engagement, or would manage or join an extensive firm of Contractors, Manufacturers, Miners, &c. Apply to "C. E.," care of the Manager of this paper.

MATHERAN.—Mr. Gonne's fine BUNGALOW TO LET from 23rd April. Apply to P. BYRAMJEE, Bombay, or J. C. PINTO, Matheran.

TO BE LET FURNISHED, from 1st June, Mr. MACAULAY'S BUNGALOW on "The Ridge" Malabar Hill. Rent moderate.

FOR SALE, a SELF-DRIVING PARK PHAETON in good order. Apply at Fort Coach Factory, Mody Bay.

FOR SALE, a few SECOND HAND COUNTRY-MADE TEAKWOOD TYPE CASES. Apply to the MANAGER of this Office.

THE SALE of Surgeon General HUNTER'S PLANTS will be resumed THIS MORNING at 6-30 a. m. from Lot No. 201.

FOR SALE, C B. PONEY, "THE SNARK," 13 hands, very fast, winner of several races, perfect temper and plays Polo capitally, price Rs. 150. Apply HONORARY SECRETARY, POLO, Bombay Gymkhana.

FOR SALE, at the Machine Depôt, No. 43, Baboola Tank Road, Mazagon, Robey's Patent Portable Semi-fixed Vertical and Horizontal STEAM ENGINES, from three to twenty H. P. For particulars and prices apply to Mr. D. FRAMJEE, Sub-Agent, at the Depôt, or to WALLACE and Co., Elphinstone Circle, Agents for Messrs. Robey and Co.

SHIP BISCUITS and FLOUR at less than Home prices. Come and see samples at HARVEY'S Biscuit Factory, Apollo Street, Fort.

TREACHER & CO., LIMITED,
WINE MERCHANTS.

BY APPOINTMENT.
ESTABLISHED IN THE BOMBAY PRESIDENCY FOR HALF A CENTURY.

CLARET:
St. Julien Medoc;
Cash, per doz. Quarts, Rs. 10.
Cash, per doz. Pints, Rs. 6.

CLARET:
Bordeaux;
An excellent Cop Wine.
Cash, per doz. Quarts, Rs. 10.
Cash, per doz. Pints, Rs. 6.

CLARET:
Petit Medoc;
A sound agreeable Breakfast wine.
Cash, per doz. Quarts, Rs. 13.
Cash, per doz. Pints, Rs. 7-8.

CLARET:
Medoc;
A very superior Breakfast Wine.
Cash, per doz. Quarts, Rs. 16.
Cash, per doz. Pints, Rs. 9-8.

CLARET:
Chateau Lagrange;
An excellent Dinner Wine.
Cash, per doz. Quarts, Rs. 21.
Cash, per do Pints, Rs. 11-8.

CLARET:
Chateau La Rose;
A very fine full-bodied Dinner Wine.
Cash, per dozen Quarts, Rs. 28.
Cash, per dozen Pints, Rs. 14-8.

CLARET:
Chateau Margaux;
A Rich, old, and very fragrant Wine.
Cash, per dozen Quarts, Rs. 32.
Cash, per dozen Pints, Rs. 17.

CLARET IN WOOD.
BORDEAUX in Hhds. of from 48 to 50 Gallons per Hhd.....Cash Rs. 165
PETIT MEDOC Do. do. .... „ „ 210

The superior characters of the above Wines are so well known as to render superfluous any further recommendation than that the quality of
RECENT CONSIGNMENTS
fully maintain the reputation acquired by previous supplies.

TREACHER & COMPANY, Ld.,
BOMBAY, BYCULLA, & POONA.

THE HOME-GOING SEASON.

ASQUITH AND LORD

SUPPLY Gentlemen with every requisite necessary for the Voyage to Brindisi, Venice, or Genoa, and through the Continent or direct to Southampton, London, or Liverpool, and they respectfully invite intending Passengers to call at their well-known Warehouse, where all Goods can be inspected, prices compared, and every information obtained; cash prices of some of our articles are quoted below and clothing not in stock can be made and delivered a few hours after the order is given.

CASH PRICE LIST.

	Rs.	a.
Sleeping or Early morning Deck Suits	10	0 to 12 0
India Tweed Suits, very useful	30	0
Blue Serge Suits, very useful	30	0
Warm Angola, very durable	10	0
Dressing Gowns, from	10	0
Overcoats and Inverness Capes	from 35	0
Oxford shirts, new Patterns, six for	40	0
White Long Cloth, from six for	22	8
Best Wove Flannel, Shrunk, six	52	0
Best Silk and Wool, new material, six	52	0
Under Vests, from six	21	0
Cardigan Jackets, from	12	8
Warm Gloves and Mitts, per pair	1	12
Warm Mufflers, each	2	0
Pin Scarfs, Oxford Cloth	1	0
Sailor's Knots, best silks	2	0
Travelling Caps	3	8
Tweed Hats for travelling	5	0
Bathing Drawers, per pair	2	0
Linen Faced Collars, per doz	0	12
Best all Linen Collars, per doz	6	8
Dandy Handkerchiefs, from per doz	6	8
Cotton Socks, from per doz	9	8
Warm Angola Socks, from per doz	21	0
Sun Umbrellas, each	12	8
Alpaca do. do.	6	8
Twill Sheets per pair from	9	8
Pillow Cases, each	2	0
Blankets, each from	12	8
Long Rugs and Scotch Mands, from	15	0
Waterproof Sheeting, 72 in. wide, per yard	2	0
Overland Trunks, strong and useful from	27	0

	Rs.	a.
Extra Large Solid Leather Trunks, the best	32	0
Black Hide Bags from	15	0
Best Hide Gladstones, from	39	0
Scourer Bags, from	9	8
Soiled Linen Bags, from	5	8
Web Money Belts	6	8
Leather Money Belts	6	8
Rug Straps, Patent	2	8
Cork Mat-trasses	19	8
Cork Pillows, each	7	8
English Horse Hair, each	7	8
Travelling Cotton Pillows, each	2	0
Air Pillows, each	7	8
Canvas Shoes, per pair	6	8
Leather Slippers	4	8
Travelling Cloths, can be packed with Clothes	40	0
Bath Sponges, from	3	8
Sponge Bags, each	2	0
Metal Soap Boxes, each	2	0
Marine Soap, per Box	1	4
Tooth Brushes	0	10
Tooth Combs	0	12
Nail Brushes	0	12
Clothes do	3	8
Hair Brushes and Comb in Leather Case	12	8
Horn and Vulcanite Combs	1	0
Pocket Combs in Case	0	12
Shoe Horns	1	0
Deck and Camp Chairs strong, from	9	8
Eau-de-Cologne, per bot the	2	0
Stout Portmanteaus	6	8
Deck Shoes, from	5	0

AND NUMEROUS OTHER ARTICLES.

THE OVERLAND AND TRAVELLERS' KIT WAREHOUSE,
8, RAMPART ROW, BOMBAY.

ICE! ICE!! ICE!!!
TO REGIMENTAL MESSES, CLUBS, HOSPITALS, HOTELS, &c.
CARRE'S IMPROVED ICE-MACHINE,
WITH THE NEW CONGELATOR FOR PRODUCING BLOCK ICE, TO BE HAD ONLY FROM
S. ROSE & CO., BOMBAY.
ICE IN FOUR MINUTES.

CARRE'S PNEUMATIC ICE-MACHINE.
WITH DISTRIBUTOR AND CONGELATOR ATTACHED.

The only machine suitable for Domestic use; Cheap, Cleanly, and Easy to work; always ready for use, and never gets out of order.
Full particulars of the New Congelator can be had on application to S. Rose & Co.
Personal inspection of the new apparatus and its accessories is requested, and full practical instructions for using the Machine will be given to the agents or to the servants of purchasers.
The mode of producing Ice is by means of a Pneumatic Machine; the air in the Dreanter or Vase is exhausted by the action of the air-pump, and the moisture arising from rapid evaporation, absorbed by the Sulphuric Acid contained in the Cylinder B, and intense cold in the Dreanter or Vase, is the result of reducing the water to Ice.
For use in Up-country Stations, Messes, Hotels, Hospitals, and on board Ship, these Machines will be found
ELEVATOR,
For securely fixing the Bottle Cooler and Vases on to the tap of Ice Machine. Each Rs. 20.
The "Elevator" and "Bottle Cooler" are extras, and are not included in the price of the Machine.

Apparatus for operating on one DECANTER or VASE with NEW CONGELATOR and ACCESSORIES, complete. Net Cash Rs. 190.
Ditto. ditto. on Two DECANTERS or VASES with NEW CONGELATOR and ACCESSORIES, complete. Net Cash, Rs. 275.
Messes, Clubs, Traders, &c., supplied at wholesale rates.
Sulphuric Acid, Oils, Wax, India-rubber Rings, Thermometers, Leather Washers, and all the necessary fittings kept in stock.
The above Machines can be seen in working order on the premises of S. ROSE & Co., Bombay.

SPECIAL NOTICE.
BOTTLE COOLER.
S. ROSE & Co.'s Apparatus for cooling Wines or Beer with the aid of the Pneumatic Ice Machine, and without contact of the Ice with the Wines, is an entirely new adaptation. Each Rs. 16.

CARRE'S IMPROVED (NEW MODEL) AMMONIACAL ICE MACHINES.
FOR MAKING SOLID ICE.
THE NEWLY IMPROVED ICE-MAKING MACHINE.

The Patentees have introduced such improvements in the solidity of the Apparatus, that it may now be pronounced perfect in every respect. The Boiler is now made in solid Galvanised Iron, and for all practical purposes is indestructible.
The only expense incurred in each operation is about half an anna for fuel, wood Charcoal being preferable to anything. The time occupied in producing four pounds of Ice is from four to four and a half hours.

Small size to make about 2 lbs. of Ice at each operation, including furnace, thermometer, &c	Rs. 175 0
Large size to make about 4 lbs. of Ice at one operation	„ 250 0

N.B.—Full Instructions are given with each Apparatus. Packing in two cases extra.

ICE BOXES AND REFRIGERATORS

Fitted with 3 shelves and Water Cistern, Galvanized iron Bucket for waste, with Tap.....Rs. 140 0
THE ARCTIC REFRIGERATOR, Fitted with 4 shelves, and stone ware lining.....„ 160 0
RAILWAY ICE BOX, specially constructed for Railway Travelling.....Rs. 20 to Rs. 25 0

FULL PARTICULARS ON APPLICATION TO
S. ROSE & CO., 9, RAMPART ROW, BOMBAY.

FAVRE-LEUBA & CO.,
WATCH-MAKERS, JEWELLERS, AND OPTICIANS.
BOMBAY AND CALCUTTA.

RAILWAY WATCHES.

THESE excellent time-keepers, unsurpassed in solidity of construction, and whose reputation is now established throughout India, are always in stock in the same quality and sizes:

1. The Nickel Silver Railway Watch..... Rs. 40
2. The Nickel Silver Railway Watch, extra large size..... „ 60
3. The Pure Silver Railway Watch..... „ 60
4. The Pure Silver Railway Watch, keyless ..... „ 70

No trouble and expense is spared in our Manufactory to conserve to these watches their well-deserved popularity.

CAMPAIGN LEVER KEYLESS WATCHES

In plain nickel silver cases

COMMERCIAL INTELLIGENCE.

MONDAY EVENING, APRIL 12, 1880.

With the exception of a slight improvement in the markets for Rapeseed and Linseed in London, there is little alteration to notice in the position of any of the home markets, in addition to the changes which we have already reported.

The return of the Bank of Bombay of Saturday's date compares with that of the previous week as follows :—

Public Deposits at Head Office...	Dec. Rs.	68,521
Do. Branches	Dec. ,,	6,52,522
Other Deposits.....	Inc. ,,	18,16,988
Government Securities	Inc. ,,	2,30,569
Cash Credits on Security of Government Paper.	Dec. ,,	15 555
Loans on Security of Govt. Paper	Dec. ,,	85,250
Bills Discounted.....	Inc. ,,	3,55 021
Cash Balance with Correspondents ...	Dec. ,,	1,81,358
Cash and Currency Notes	Inc. ,,	7,53,633

From the above it will be seen that the Cash Balance has increased during the week about 5½ lacs owing to an increase in Deposits, and notwithstanding a further slight increase in the trade demand.

The Bank's rates of business to-day are as follows, viz :—

DISCOUNT CHARGED—
On Government Bills 7
On Private Bills 9

INTEREST CHARGED—
On Demand Loans on Government Paper and Bullion and Port Trust Bonds 7
On Loans on Deposit of Government Securities and Port Trust Bonds 7
On Loans on Deposit of Goods and Metals and Godown or Port Trust Warrants 8
On Cash Credits on Deposit of Government Securities 7½
On Cash Credits on Deposit of Goods and Metals, Godown or Port Trust Warrant..... 9

STERLING EXCHANGE has been very quiet to-day, and prices at the close are 1-16th per Rupee lower both here and in Calcutta. We quote :—

Bank Bills, on demand .....Is. 7 15 16d,	per Rs.
Do. 3 months' sight...Is. 8 1-16d.	,,
Credits, 3 do. ...Is. 8 3-16d.	,,
Documents, 3 do. ...Is. 8 ¼d.	,,
Francs 3 do. ...2- 13	,,

On Calcutta demand drafts are still quoted at 1-16th and 60 days' sight drafts at one per cent. discount.

GOVERNMENT PAPER to-day has been steady at Rs. 95¼ at Rs. 95½ for Fours and Rs. 102½ to Rs. 102¼ for Fours and-a-half.

SHARES.—There is a good demand for Bank shares at our quotations, which show an advance of Re 1 in Nationals and Rs. 5 in Orientals. In Spinning and Weaving Mill shares, an advance of Rs. 2 per share is reported in Jewraz Balloo and Rs. 10 in Madras United, and a decline of Rs. 5 per share in Manockjee Petits, and Rs. 10 in New Great Eastern. In other shares no alterations are reported.

COTTON.—The reported transactions to-day have been on the smallest possible scale, and rates, in the face of continued unfavourable accounts from the home markets, have given way about Rs. 2 per candy. The arrivals from up-country yesterday were moderate, 6,196 bales, making 14,035 bales for the two days against 22,769 bales last week. We quote :—

Good M. G. Broach, ...Rs.	240	per candy	F. P. Ready.
,, Oomrawuttee, ... ,,	228	,,	,,	,,
,, Dhollera, ... ,,	228	,,	,,	,,
F. G. F. Compta ..... ,,	214	,,	,,	,,
Good S. Dharwar .. .. ,,	226	,,	,,	,,

LINSEED.—There is more enquiry, and with lower exchange and easier Freight prices have advanced 1 to 2 as. per cwt., to-day's quotations being Rs. 6-3 to 6-4 per cwt.

RAPESEED is quite neglected, dealers still ask Rs. 5-12 per cwt., but the price is nominal.

WHEAT.—The market is firmer. White is quoted at Rs. 3¼.

FREIGHTS.—There is a decidedly easier feeling. For Liverpool via Canal tonnage is offering at 42s. 6d. to 43s. 9d. per ton for April shipment and 40s. per ton for May. For Havre for April shipment 47s. 6d. per ton is the rate, and 45s. per ton for May. For Trieste and Venice and Marseilles and Genoa 50s. per ton, freight paid here at par, is the quotation.

PIECE GOODS.—The market keeps very firm, and clearances from the bazaar continue on a fair scale. There is also more enquiry for Goods to arrive, but the fall in Exchange is operating against importers.

COALS.—No fresh business has been reported to-day. The market is steady.

BOMBAY BILL AND STOCK LIST.

BANKS.

Names.	Shares.	Amount	Paid up.	Last Dividend.	Cash Rates.
INDIAN BANKS.		Rs.	Rs.		Rs.
Bank of Bombay	23,500	500	500	4 p. ct	688½
Bank of Bengal.....	40,000	500	all	8 do	740
Bank of Madras.....	10,000	500	all	8 do	640
EXCHANGE BANKS.		£	£		
Agra Bank	10,000	10	all	5 do	195
Chartd Bk. I. & C.....	40,000	20	all	6 do	24⅞
Chart'd Mercantile ...	30,000	25	all	6 do	280
Hongkong & Shanghai Bank.....	40,000	282	all	8 do	470
National Bank of India.	37,500	25	12½	6 do	168
Oriental Bank	60,000	25	all	5 do	305

PRESS COMPANIES.

Akbar Cotton.....	150	5,000	2,550	50	850
Albert Ginning Co....	100	500	all	12 p.ct.	425
Albert Press Co., Kurrachee	200	2,000	1,100	12⅛	1,030
Apollo Press Co., (small shares)	750	2,400	2,200	32	260x-1.*
Beltary	625	1,000	1000	25	465
Berar Cotton Ginning & Press Co.....	600	500	all	50	440
New Indian Press	1,000	350	350	14	105
Broach Cotton Ginning & Press Co	1,400	250	all	10	30
Colaba Press Co.....	500	1,880	1,880	10	430
Dhollera Press and Ginning Co	800	350	all	15	200
East India Press Co....	700	1,000	1,000	100	990
Fort Press Co	1,200	500	8,500	5	1,000
French Press Co.....	300	500	all	50	450
Sind Press Co	400	2,000	750	5	430
Mofussil Co.....	3,125	400	400	3	125
Prince of W. Press	125	....	1,000	7	165
Sind & Punjaub Cotton Press Co., ...	100	1,500	750	12½	1,125
Sassoon Press Co.....	300	100	500	25	275
Volkart's Press Co.	450	1,000	all	50	570

* P. S. Bonds.

MISCELLANEOUS.

Bombay Saw Mills	600	1,000	1,000	80	510
Bombay Ice Manufactory & Co., Limited ..	1,250	100	100	10p.ct.	118
Bombay Burmah Trading Corporation	1,000	2,500	1,500	225	1,840
Indian Guarantee Suretyship Association.....	5,000	100	10	15 p.ct.	10
Kurrachee Landing and Shipping Co.	500	500	300	36	365
Mechanics Buildings Co.....	4,000	50	50	3 p.ct.	19xl
Oriental Govt. Security Life Assurance Co...	5,000	200	50	..	50
Oriental Loan Association	5,000	20	20	10 p.ct.	20
Prince of Wales Fire Insurance	2??	50	1,??	15	880
Treacher & Co.	500	50	1,000	60	725
Thacker & Co.	1,000	100	100	10	122

LAND COMPANIES.

New Jolaba Co.....	4,000	3,000	2,925	15	975
Frere Land	7,500	150	150	100	3ex-d
Massagon Land, &c	1,750	2,000	2,000	.....	280
Fort Canning Co.....	6,000	1,400	1,400	13	185

* P. S. Bonds.

SPINNING AND WEAVING COMPANIES.

Ahmedabad S. & W. Co.	600	1,000	1,000	90	999
Albert Mills	400	2,000	1,700	40	200
Anglo-Indian S. and W. Co	39,000	100	100	2	57
Alfred Manufacturing Co.	2,000	500	500	15	430
Allliance Spinning	600	2,500	all	55	1,525
Bhownuggur Mills	800	2,000	2,000	100	300
Bombay United ..... & Central India S. W. & M. Co.....	900	1,000	1,000	25	760
Coorla Mills	2,500	500	500	30	600
D. Spinning	8,000	1,000	1,000	30	480
Empress S. and W. Co...	1,500	2,000	all	35	950
Golam BabaSpinning Co.	1,000	500	all	..	415
Hindustan	873	1,000	500	20	510
Hydrabad Spinning Co.	700	1,000	1,000	60	915
Jaffer Ali Spinning Co.	600	1,000	1,800	..	510
Jewraz Balloo.....	1,000	500	500	30	675
Khandesh	750	1,000	1,000	30	875
Khatao Mackunjee	1,000	1,000	1,000	50	530
Madras	800	1,000	1,000	75	350
Madras United	350	1,000	1,000	50	1,290
Manockjee Petit's.....	2,500	1,000	all	30	1,185
Massagon Spinning	2,000	500	500	35	90
Morarjee Goculdas	1,050	1,000	1,000	40	915
National Spinning	500	1,000	1,000	40	775
New Great Eastern	1,400	1,000	1,000	25	760
Oriental	4,000	625	625	..	610
Prince of Wales Spinning Co	1,500	500	500	...	95
Sassoon S. & W. Co.....	1,500	1,000	1,000	30	675
Shalapore Mills.....	500	1,000	1,000	30	775
Soondersi	750	1,000	1,000	75	680
Victoria Mills.....	550	1,000	1,000	50½	500

RAILWAY COMPANIES.

G. I. P. Railway Consolidated Stock.....	..	£20	21?-3-0	5 p. ct	307
Do New £50 shares...	..	£20	13?-14-0	do	28
Ditto —...	..	£20	65-7-3	do	72
Ditto —...	..	£20	21-13-1	do	32
B. B. and C. I. Ry. Co.	..	£100	1,000	do	1,100
Do. New £15 Shares..	..	£18	196-5-15	do	265

BANK OF BOMBAY.

STATEMENT of the Affairs of the Bank of Bombay on the 10th April as compared with the statement issued on the 3rd April :—

LIABILITIES	April 3. Rs.	April. 10. Rs.
Proprietors' Capital	1,00,00,000	1,00,00,000
Reserve Fund, invested in Government Securities.....	22,00,000	22,00,000
Public Deposits at Head Office	49,75,760	49,07,239
Do do. at Branches	29,16 965	27,73,743
Other Deposits	2,31,65,848	2,49,82,836
Post Bills.....	20,303	20,971
Credits, undrawn.....	4,39,983	3,75,936
	4,37,28,249	4,47,60,725
ASSETS.		
Government Securities.....	30,69,372	32,99,941
Cash Credits on Security of Government Paper, Bullion, and Merchandize.....	14,17,279	14,01,724
Loans, on Security of do.	64,82,815	63,97,505
Current Accounts, overdrawn.....	1,940	1,451
Bills Discounted	1,44,82,832	1,48,37,853
Stamps	3,141	3,106
Dead Stock ..... Rs. 2,44,295		
Amount applied in reduction 3,05,000	3,39,295	3,39,295
Bullion	1,56,000	1,31,000
Cash Balances with Correspondents.....	5,90,364	4,17,996
Cash and Currency Notes.....	1,71,76,221	1,79,29,854
	4,37,28,249	4,47,60,725

SHIPPING INTELLIGENCE.

THE BRITISH SHIP LATONA, 270 tons, Captain E. Tidmarsh, will sail to-day for Rangoon in ballast.

THE BRITISH SHIP G. W. WARD, 916 tons, Captain B. Simpson, sailed yesterday for Liverpool with a general cargo and twenty deck passengers.

THE STEAMER ROYAL MINSTREL, 888 tons, Captain J. Taylor, arrived in harbour yesterday from Kurrachee (9th April) in ballast. The vessel is consigned to the Captain.

THE SHIP GALATEA, 1,477 tons, Captain T. Jones, which arrived in harbour on the 10th inst. from Cardiff (18th Dec.), brought a cargo of 2,006 tons coals. The vessel is consigned to Messrs. Killick, Nixon and Co.

THE STEAMER TIMOR, 1,440 tons, Captain J. B. Inch, arrived in harbour on the 11th inst. from Cardiff (27th Feb.) in ballast, she discharged her cargo at Kurrachee. The vessel is consigned to the Captain.

ARRIVAL OF THE CHINA MAIL,

THE P. AND O. Co's. STEAMER KAISAR-I-HIND, 2,559 tons, Captain R. Methven, which arrived in harbour on the 10th inst. from China with China mails, brought the following passengers :—From Shanghai—Mr. S. K. Mlety, and Mr. and Mrs. Buckille and 2 children. From Hongkong—Mr. E. Abraham, Mr C Rickett, Hajee Allana, Mr. R. Daturdina, Mr. B. Turrow. From Singapore—Mr. Abdoola, Mr. Tyeb, and one distressed seaman. She brought the following cargo ;—From Shanghai—1,302 packages tea, 8 packages sundries, 40 packages silk, 618 boxes gold. From Hongkong—9,200 packages silk, 87 cases silk piece goods, 72 cases glasse bangles, 3 cases coton piece goods, 37 packages sundries 2 cases scales, 65 cases tea, 2 cases white copper, 101 cases preserves ; 18 cases papers, 200 cases cassia, case aniseed oil, 477 packages sugercandy, 4 cases cigars, 950 bags sugar, 5 cases brass leaves, 1 package fans, 6 boxes gold leaves, 1 box gold and 2 boxes specie. From Penang—13 packages piece goods, 1 package provisions, 100 slabs tin. From Singapore—35 packages silk, 7 packages sundries, 32 pieces and 2 bundles ivory, 50 bags sago, 438 bundles rattans, 70 packages benzoin, 100 packages China clay, 1 case nutmegs, 62 cases tea, 3,795 pieces planks, 50 slabs tin, 50 packages gambier and 1 package gamboge.

ARRIVALS.

April	Vessels.	Commanders.	From.
11	Timor (s)	Inch	Cardiff, Feb 27.
12	Royal Minstrel (s)..	Taylor	Kurrachee, Apr 9.
	H M Euphrates (s)..	Brownrigg ...	Portsmouth, Mar 18.

The following vessel obtained her port clearance yesterday :—
Ship Latona, Tidmarsh, for Rangoon.

The following vessels began to load yesterday :—
Steamer Royal Minstrel, for Barcelona and Marseilles.
Steamer Anandale for Liverpool.
Steamer Kaiser-i-Hind, for London.
Steamer Timor, for Genoa and Marseilles.

CALCUTTA.

April. ARRIVAL.
8 Hindostan (s).....McCornell ...Singapore, Mar 30.

DEPARTURE.
April 8.—Steamer Ellora.

MADRAS.

April. ARRIVALS.
7 Lady Elizabeth .... Bombay.
8 Meimans(s)..... ..... Calcutta.
Chanda(s)..... ..... Bombay.
9 D. of Sutherland (s). ..... London.
Himalaya (s) .... Rangoon and N Ports.
10 Petunia .... Coast.

April. DEPARTURES.
8 India (s) .... Bombay.
9 Meimans..... ..... Pondicherry & Galle.
9 Khandalla (s) .... Bombay.

DAILY IMPORTS.—APRIL 10.

FROM LIVERPOOL.

Macedonia s—50 cases copper sheets, Ritchie, Steuart and Co.
Speke Hall s—22 cases sodawater corks, Nowrojee Ardaseer and Sons ; 447 coils iron hoops, Gaddum and Co ; 1,335 bundles sheet iron, Edward, Bates and Co.
Britannia s—1 qr cask whisky, Sorabjee Pestonjee.

FROM LONDON.

Peshawar s—111 boxes candles, Hassum Ahmed ; 42 cases still hock, the Byculla Club.
Marlborough s—40 cases oilmanstore, Essonfally Sumsoodin ; 12 casks ink and 51 casks glass vials, Byramjee Shapoorjee ; 80 cases candles and 1 cask antimony, Bhicoo Sazba and Co.
Rebecca s—18 bales straw board, Byramjee Shapoorjee ; 4 cases lamps, Jooma Meetha.

DAILY EXPORTS.—APRIL 12.

FOR LIVERPOOL.

Shakespeare—200 bales cotton Gaddum and Co.
G W Ward s—20 bales wool Pestonjee Dorabjee, 20 bales wool Khimjee Luckmidas, 5 bales cotton Rallli Brothers.
Aravadne s—9,0 0 bales cotton Lyon and Co, 50 bales wool J Purshotum.
Swaledale s—125 bales wool Kessowjee Toolseedass, 10 bales wool Jaitha Purshotum, 41 bales wool Dossabhoy Pestonjee, 7 bales wool Ewart Latham and Co, 24 bales cotton Govindram Bowrakdass, 100 bales cotton Noonan and Co, 60 bales cotton Lund Luckmidas Walljee, 100 bales cotton Pelly and Co, 50 bales cotton Sigg Sulzer and Co.
J B Inverarity s—103 bags ginger Hajee Lullah Arbee.
Speke Hall s—600 bales cotton Gaddum and Co, 61 bales cotton Coorpall Hursee, 5 bales wool and 7 bales rags Nurotum Davidass, 38 bales wool Premjee Manjee, 100 bales wool Khimjee Luckmidas and Co, 43 bales wool B Nuthoo, 200 bales cotton Thos H Moore and Co, 800 packets wheat and 1,600 packets linseed W and A Graham and Co.
Columbia s—300 bales cotton Lang, Moir and Co.
Twilight—60 tons bones Edward, Bates and Co, 150 bales cotton Finlay, Muir and Co.
James Atkens—200 cwts bones Natha Essa, 200 bags myrabollams Jetha Purshotum.
Sicily—3,000 cwts wheat W and A Graham and Co, 500 bales cotton Gaddum and Co, 600 bales cotton Wallace and Co, 1,000 bales cotton Killick, Nixon and Co.
Rome—3,500 bales cotton Ralli Brothers, 1,201 bales cotton Wallace and Co, 49 bales cotton Nuthoobhoy Soorchun), 40 bales cotton, Perji Luckmidass, 100 bales cotton and 1,600 packets linseed, Chrystal and Co, 1,000 bags cotton Peel, Cassels and Co, 1,300 bales cotton Gaddum and Co.
Khersonese—300 cwts myrabolams Premjee Kevul, 100 bales cotton Thos H Moore and Co, 200 bags myrabolams Ludha Madhowjee.

FOR LONDON.

Kaisar-i-Hind s—2,410 cwts linseed Ralli Brothers, 2 bales hides, 1,000 packages coffee, 18 packages oil, 313 packages ginger, package tea, 9 packages leathers, and 53 packages senna P and S N Co, 15 cases skins and 19 cases fishmawa Dawoodjee Hasam, 19 bundles deer horns Abdoola Mhamed, 12 bales carpets Hajee Sajun Lalljee.

FOR HAVRE.

Liddesdale s—150 bales cotton Ralli Brothers, 500 bales myrabolams Poonjee Jewraz.
Rebecca—200 bales cotton Ralli Brothers, 400 bales cotton Gaddum and Co, 975 bales cotton Gaddum and Co.

FOR MARSEILLES.

Timor s—250 cwts bones, Natta Essa, 4,200 cwts gingelly seed Ewart, Latham and Co, 388½ cwts gingellyseed and 29½ cwts groundnuts, Sigg Sulzer and Co, 200 cwts mowra flower, 600 cwts. poppyseed,3,499 cwts ground nuts, 4,680 cwts wheat and 3,999 cwts gingellyseed Ralli Brothers, 100 bales wool I. Singer and Co, 134 packages coffee, A H Lloyd and Co, 290 cwts horns G Lockhart and Co.

FOR BARCELONA.

Timor s—300 bales cotton Ralli Brothers.

FOR GENOA.

Timor s—4,999½ cwts gingellyseed, Sigg Sulzer and Co, 324 bales cotton Killick, Nixon and Co, 316 bales cotton Killick, Nixon and Co.

FOR TRIESTE.

Lord Derby s—300 bales cotton Kuoop and Co, 400 bales cotton E Spinner and Co.
Pollnce s—400 bales cotton E Spinner and Co., 50 bales cotton Gaddum Co.

FOR VENICE.

Lord Derby s—200 bales cotton Knoop and Co, 150 bales cotton Sigg Sulzer and Co, 200 bales cotton Wallace and Co, 100 bales cotton D Macfadyen and Co.
Pollnce s—200 bales cotton Wallace and Co.
Surat s—450 bales cotton E Spinner and Co, 100 bales cotton Gadum and Co.

FOR YOKOHAMA.

Geelong s—12 bales twist David Sassoon and Co, 16 bags myrabollams H A Esmail and Co.

FOR HONGKONG.

Geelong s—1 case fishmaws, 26 packages cloves, 1 bundle horns, ¼ cwt nuxvaung, Bundally Sewjee, 75 cases broken glasses and 50 slabs lead Currimbhoy Nanjee, 50 cwts betelnuts Yue Lun Ching, 31 cwts betelnuts and 55 cwts drugs Hong Chang, 37 cwts hearabole Ramjee Corjee, 35 cwts sandalwood P F Talatee, 7 cases fishmaws and sharkfins Sezonbhoy Dattoo, 18 cases sharkfins Ladhabhoy Dattoo, 25 cases sharkfins G H J Mahomed, 50 cases sharkfins and fishmaws, Currimbhoy Ebram, 82 cases fishmaws and sharkfins Yuzeer Thavur, 16 cases fishmaws and sharkfins and 25 bales twist Jairazbhoy Peerbhoy, 40 bales twist David Sassoon and Co, 5 bales cotton Sorabjee Framjee, 8½ chests opium Essa Sallay Sassoon, 400 bags betelnut Cunca Ramjee 500 bags betelnut R Purshotum 150 bags betlenut Hurry Bhamjee, 56 cases sharkfins Ahana Manjee 150 bags raisins H E Ellias, 63 bales twist Lata and Co 18 cases sharkfins Goolam Hoosain Jan Mahomed,

FOR SHANGHAI.

Geelong s—2 chests opium Purtamull Panee, 3 chests opium Turruchund Luckmiram, 15 cases broken glass Bundally Sewjee.

FOR BARCELONA.

Royal Marshal s—5750 bales cotton Gaddum and Co.

METEOROLOGICAL OBSERVATIONS.

GOVERNMENT OBSERVATORY, COLABA.

BOMBAY, 11th April 1880.

Means of observations taken at 6 a.m., 10 a.m., 2 a.m., 4 p.m. and 10 p.m.

Barometer corrected 32 deg. Fah	29·780
Temperature of the Air	84·0
Wet Bulb Thermometer	78·4
Dew Point.....	76·4
Relative humidity of Air	·785
Extent of cloudy sky (the whole sky clouded=8.)	2·4
Maximum temperature of air (read at 2 p.m.).....	88·2
Minimum do. do. (read at 10 a.m.) ...	78·6
General Direction of Wind* .....NNW, NNE, WNW, W, WNW, W.	
Movement of wind in 24 hours*	213.

* From midnight to midnight.

HIGH COURT.—APRIL 13.

[Before the Honourable Mr. JUSTICE WEST.]

Suits for hearing and final disposal.

SHORT CAUSES.

118-77—Tobin and R—T o London B and M Bank vs Cooverjee Sorabjee.
120-77—Tobin and R—The London B and M Bank vs Cumroodeen Dawoodjee.
201-77—Tobin and R—The London B and M Bank vs Memon Abdool Currim Jan Mahomed.
63-79—In p rson—Dewchund Poonja vs Rungitdass Ambalal and others.
75-80—Smith and F—Bai Shincore and another vs Baichund Purbhoodass and others—Tyabjee and S.
136-80—Pestonjee K—Hormusjee Nusserwanjee Daroowala vs Mahomedally bin Osman Nalbund and others.
152-80—In person [a pauper]—Thucker Govindass Lalljee vs Thucker Girdhur Waghjee and others—Chalk and W.

For further directions and costs.

601-70—Hearn, C and L—Shamawahoo vs Dwarkadass Vussonjee—Jefferson, B and D.

LONG CAUSES.

518-76—Tobin and R—Tobin and R—The London B and M Bank vs Mahomed Ebrahim—M M Munshi.
532-78—Tyabjee and S—Sakerlal Atmaram vs Luckmidass Trikumdass and others—H W Payne, K N and in person.
64-80—Jefferson, B and D—Hajee Jacob Jan Mahomed vs Shaik Abdool bin Shaik Amir—Janardhan G.
116-80—In person [a pauper]—Bamjee Dhandoo and another vs Soora Wada and another—H Bicknell and in person.

[Before the Honourable Mr. JUSTICE MARRIOTT.]

Suits for hearing and final disposal.

SHORT CAUSES.

15-80—Tyabjee and S—Tulsoolubh Raghowjee vs Ghellabhoy Doolubdass and others—Crawford and B.

LONG CAUSES.

454-79—H W Payne—Premjee Tricumdass vs Madhowjee Munjee—Tyabjee and S—Part heard.
37-75—H W Payne—Premjee Tricumdass vs Yalibai and others—Macfarlane and H—Part heard.

TESTAMENTARY AND INTESTATE JURISDICTION.

In the goods chattles, credits and effects of Bhimsa Fuckira, deceased—Muljee and B—Imambai, widow of the deceased, vs Juda Fuckira and others—Tyabjee and S.
In the matter of the last Will and Testament of Thucker Petamber Girdhur, deceased—Bai Nanivahu, widow, vs Thucker Soorjee Jewandass—M M Munshi.

MILITARY INTELLIGENCE.

ORDERS BY THE COMMANDER-IN-CHIEF IN INDIA.

Adjutant General's Office, Simla, April 1,

The C-in-C in India is pleased to make the following appointments :—

Personal Staff—Bt Col H C Wilkinson to be Mily Secy, in succession to Col R Preston, C. B., resigned, and vice Maj J Goldie, (Offig Mily Secy,) who reverts to his appointment of Asst Adjt Genl, Army Head Quarters, with effect from the 27th Mar 1880.

2nd Battalion 5th Fusiliers—Lieut Richard Williamson to be Adjt, vice Cherry, promoted subject to the approval of H R H the Field Marshal Comdg-in-Ch, dated 26th Jan 1880.

2nd Bengal Cavalry—Maj C W Campbell, 2nd in Comd, to be Squdn Comdr, vice Wilkinson, promoted.

Maj F Knowles, Sqdn Comdr, to be 2nd in Comd, vice Campbell.

Maj H C Kemble, Sqdn Comdr, to move up in grade succession.

Maj C T M Higginson, Sqdn Officer, to be Sqdn Comdr, vice Kemble.

Lieut M K Martin, Sqdn Officer, to be Adjt, vice Salkeld, dated 16th Feb 1880.

9th Bengal Cavalry—Maj J L N Willis, Sqdn Officer, to be Sqdn Comdr, vice Hutchinson, transferred to the service.

Lieut G L Garstin, from the 5th Bl Cavy, to be Sqdn Officer, vice Willis.

17th Native Infantry—Maj T Dawes, Wing Comdr, to be 2nd in Comd, vice Walker.

Capt H J Barr, Wing Officer and Adjt, to be Wing Comdr, vice Dawes.

Maj J F Meiklejohn R A, is directed to proceed from Morar to England, with a view to his embarking for Bermuda to join No 3 Batty 10th Bde, Canadian Art, to which he has been promoted. Under clause VII, para 160, Transport Regulations, part II.

The following temporary appointment has been approved by the Govt of India :—

Maj A W R Becher, 16th Bl Cavy, to officiate as Depy Asst Qrmr Genl, Rohilcund Dist, vice Bt Lieut Col G B Wolseley.

Capt H Sheil, R H A, is directed to proceed from Meerut to Umballa, for duty with A Batty C Bgde. Under clause VII, para 160, Transport Regulations, part II.

Capt L J H Grey, S C, late in civil employ under the Bengal Govt, whose services have been replaced at the disposal of the C-in-C, is appointed to be Offg Wing Officer, 27th N I.

The undermentioned officers have been reported as having passed the lower standard in Hindostanee on the dates specified :—

On the 5th Jan 1880—Lance Corpl W Gilbert, 2-22nd Foot.

On the 1st March 1880—Surgn Maj J Ambrose, M D, British Medl Service, Capt J C Dalton, R A, Lieuts Lord A F Compton, 10th Hussars, E L Maisey, 5th, W Hastings, 2nd West India Regt, Probationer 35th N I, K S Dunsterville, R A, Surgn C H Murray, Indian Medl Service, 2nd Lieuts W E Phillips, 81st Foot, A C H Thomas, 81st Foot, E Egerton, 1-17th Foot, J S Ryall, 1-17th Foot, G G Tarry, 1-17th Foot, W H Cornish, 33rd Foot, R F H Anderson, 70th Foot, F B Mein, 63rd Foot and W J R Wickham, 63rd Foot.

The undermentioned officers have leave of absence :—

1-6th Foot—Capt F L Grundy, to England, for six months from date of embarkation, on urgent private affairs.

2-17th Foot—Lieut C A Roberts, Offg Sqdn Officer, on probation, 7th Bl Cavy,) to Calcutta, from the 20th March to the 20th July, to study the native languages.

4th Battn Rifle Brigade—Capt F C Howard, to port of embarkation, for thirty days from date of availing himself of it ; and thence to Gibraltar, for four months, on private affairs, from date of embarkation, pending exchange.

2nd Native Infantry—Lieut Col T N Baker, (S C), to Simla and Mussoorie, from the 15th April to the 15th Oct, on private affairs, under the rules of 1868.

22nd Native Infantry—Capt and Bt Lieut Col B T Stafford, (S C), to Murree, for six months from date of availing himself of it, on medical certificate, under the rules of 1868.

On the recommendation of medical boards, the undermentioned officers are granted leave to the port of embarkation, for thirty days from the date of availing themselves of it, and thence to England, for six months from date of embarkation :—

Royal Artillery—Lieut T W Phillips, (No 1 Batty 8th Bgde)

2-14th Foot—2nd Lieut H S Vanrenen.

33rd Foot—Lieut R H Parkinson.

54th Foot—Lieut J W Hickman (Offig Wing Officer, on probation, 1st N I.)

Under para 141, Bengal Army Regulations, Lieut Hickman vacates his probationary appointment in the 1st N I and is removed from the list of S C probationers.

British Medical Service—Surgn Maj A C McTavish, (doing duty with E Batty A Bgde R H A).

Surgn Maj T W Orwin, (This cancels the leave granted in G O C C 31st Dec 1879, page 730.)

Surgn Maj F E Scanlan.

THE BOMBAY VOLUNTEER RIFLE CORPS.

REGIMENTAL ORDERS

BY LIEUT. COL. COMMANDANT W. S. HEWETT.
Bombay, 12th April 1880.

1 Vol F Warwick, B Co, and Vol W F Whitehead are granted six months leave of absence in the 1st proximo.

2 The prizes for the late annual Rifle Meeting will be distributed on Saturday, 17th inst, by H E the Acting Governor.

3 In consequence of the above there will be a parade under the Commandant for the Regiment. All members are requested to endeavour to attend. The time and place for this parade also a nominal roll of the winners will be published hereafter.

4 Members of the Corps attending the Circus on Thursday evening, 15th inst, are requested to do so in uniform. Officers in mess dress, other members in white uniform.

By Order,
F. STOKES,
Captain, and Adjutant, Bombay V. R. C.

MESSRS. C. MARCKS & CO., OF HUMMUM STREET, BOMBAY, AND EAST STREET, POONA,

HAVE the pleasure of announcing that MR. A. MENIST, Oculist's Optician, of Amsterdam and London, has APPOINTED them AGENTS for the SALE of his CELEBRATED PEBBLE SPECTACLES, &c., &c.

The reason they have for accepting the Agency is as follows :—

Having tried to procure, regardless of expense, in all the CHIEF TOWNS OF ENGLAND AND ALL LARGE CITIES, Pebbles and Frames equal to those produced by MR. MENIST, AND HAVE TOTALLY FAILED TO APPROACH THEM.

One of the chief essentials in good Spectacles is to place the Pebbles before the eyes in a proper position and at a proper distance according to the particular defect of sight being treated Ill-made and loosely jointed frames, by causing a displacement of the Pebbles, entirely alter their focal power, and so injure the eyes, for this reason Mr. Menist makes his frames of Gold and Silver only, which have been found by experience the best adapted metals for the purpose, possessing the necessary temper, without being liable to oxydise in use. Steel Frames he does not make, considering that they are not calculated to do justice to his Pebbles, and his object being to secure, as nearly as possible, perfection, not cheapness, though in a climate like India, it is doubtful if there would be any economy in Steel, as it corrodes so quickly and has to be renewed so often, to say nothing of the discomfort and injury to the sight. Aluminium cannot be used, because it stains he skin by contact, leaving a black mark that will not wash out.

His Non-Pressure Eye-glasses are so well made that you may twist the Spring in any direction without breaking it, neither is there the slightest pressure when wearing, nor the least mark remaining when removed.

His 12-LENSE DUCHESSE, all in Aluminium, are as powerful as Field-Glasses and are all Achromatic.

His Field, Marine, and Opera-Glasses may be used for hours without causing the eye to aches.

Messrs. M. and Co. have made arrangement to receive their patients in a PRIVATE ROOM, it being hardly possible to test and suit the eye sight without such convenience. Mr. Menist has left them instruments, which enables them to test each eye separately, it being frequently the case that one eye requires a different accommodation to the other, as well in magnifying as diminishing powers. Messrs. M. and Co, have received valuable information from Mr. Menist, by which to suit the eyesight.

Pamphlets can be had on application.

GRAEFENBERG MARSHALL'S UTERINE

CATHOLICON,

Known and used for over Thirty Years by the most cultivated and refined among women. Physicians of great ability are now using this medicine in their practice for FEMALE WEAKNESS, and all complaints to which women are subject. It cures NERVOUSNESS, GENERAL DEBILITY, encourages the APPETITE, and assists nature in restoring the system to a perfectly healthy condition. Sold by all Dealers in Medicines.

GRAEFENBERG COMPANY, NEW YORK,
Agents in Bombay :
B. S. MADON & Co.
NOWROJEE BOMANJEE & Co.

NOTICE.

PASSENGERS TRAVELLING on the B. B. & C. I. LINE can obtain copies of the BOMBAY GAZETTE Daily Edition on the same day at the Bulsar Station.

Agent : EDULJEE PESTONJEE DESAI,
Wine Merchant.

DOMESTIC OCCURRENCES.

[THE CHARGE FOR NOTIFYING A DOMESTIC OCCURRENCE IS TWO RUPEES. THE ANNOUNCEMENT MUST BE AUTHENTICATED.]

BOMBAY.

MARRIAGE.

CAMERON—BEDWELL—April 10th, at St Thomas' Cathedral, Bombay, by the Rev. F. L. Sharpin, Peter R. Cameron, G. I. P. Railway, to Maryanne, daughter of the late Henry Bedwell, Inland Revenue Officer, Saffron Walden, England.

LATEST INTELLIGENCE.

(FROM OUR SPECIAL CORRESPONDENT.)

MOVEMENT OF GENERAL GOUGH'S BRIGADE.

KABUL, APRIL 11.

General Gough's Brigade moves on Tuesday or Wednesday. It is composed of the following troops :—9th Regiment, 24th Punjab Infantry, 4th Goorkhas, 23rd Pioneers, a wing of Guides Infantry, one company Sappers, 3rd Bengal Cavalry, one Squadron Guides Cavalry, one Squadron 9th Lancers, wing 3rd Punjab Cavalry, Hazara Mountain Battery, four guns ; total of all ranks nearly four thousand Major Hastings and Captain Ridgway, Political Officers, accompany the force which proceeds to Sheikhabad about half way to Ghazni with supplies for General Stewart.

ARRIVAL OF CHIEFS.

Chie's arrived yesterday from Maidan. A durbar is shortly to be held, when the answer of Government to any proposals or representation from them will be given.

MAHOMED JAN AND HASSAN KHAN.

Mahomed Jan and Mahomed Hassan Khan remain at Maidan, but it is expected they will proceed to Kabul soon.

Numbers of armed men are reported to be proceeding to join Abdul Rahman in Afghan Turkestan.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENTS.)

ARRIVAL OF CHIEFS AT SHERPUR.

ALLAHABAD, APRIL 12.

The opposition Chiefs, with the exception of Mahomed Jan, Hassan Khan, Mir Butcha, and Abdul Guffur, arrived in Sherpur on Saturday. They have been quarrelling among themselves very bitterly, and nothing satisfactory is expected to result from Monday's durbar.

MAHOMED JAN'S TACTICS.

All the roads west of Argandeh are now closed by men posted by Mahomed Jan, and no one is allowed to come through save with grass. Wali Mahomed's men, with treasure for Noor Mahomed and Bamian, are still left unmolested in the fort, east of Argandeh.

From Logar it is reported that Hassan Khan is expected at once back in Baruk-i-Baruk.

SUPPOSED INTRIGUE BY MIR BUTCHA.

Mir Butcha, with 1,000 ex-sepoys, is now at Farza. Mir Butcha has sent two officers from Farza to Shahbaz Khan with a letter. They received an answer and returned, so some new intrigue may be on foot.

CASTING OF GUNS AT ISTALIF.

General Said Khan has cast two iron guns in the foundry at Istalif, where he still remains with 400 men.

OFFERS OF ASSISTANCE TO MIR BUTCHA.

Gurwan Khan Purwani has written to Mir Butcha from Purwan saying he can bring 6,000 men whenever word is given. Musa, another Kohistani chief, has promised 8,000 men.

All the rifles not collected by Shahbaz Khan in Koh Daman are being sent to Mir Butcha at Farza.

PLUNDERING AT ZAHIDABAD.

From Charasiab it is reported that plundering is going on near Zahidabad.

THE PROGRAMME OF MILITARY MOVEMENTS.

Our programme at present is that General Charles Gough's Brigade, strengthened in all about 3,000 infantry and six hundred cavalry, will march out early next week taking the road to Maidan. They will go as far as Sheikhabad where they will encamp.

The 20th of April is fixed for General Stewart's arrival at Ghazni.

Our Brigade acts in concert with his force, which will probably turn off from Sheikhabad into Wardak and Logar, not coming at all to Kabul. No real opposition is expected southward, Kohistan being the great seat of disaffection now.

[REUTER'S TELEGRAMS.]

(By Red Sea Cable.)

THE GENERAL ELECTION.

LONDON, APRIL 12.

The net Liberal gain is now 108 seats.

ANTICIPATED APPOINTMENTS.

The *Times*, in a leading article this morning, announces that Lord Northbrook will probably be appointed Secretary of State for India.

The *Daily Telegraph* urges that Lord Dufferin should be appointed Viceroy.

LORD GIFFORD.

Lord Gifford has been appointed Colonial Secretary at Ceylon.

STEAMER MOVEMENTS.

LIVERPOOL, APRIL 11.

The Hall Line steamer City of Baltimore left here for Bombay on the evening of the 10th instant.

PORT SAID, APRIL 10.

The B. I. S. N. Company's steamer Merkara, homeward bound from Calcutta, Madras, and Colombo, left here this afternoon.

ADEN, APRIL 11.

The B. I. S. N. Company's steamer Hensada, outward bound for the Persian Gulf and Kurrachee, left here to-day.

LONDON, APRIL 10.

The Liverpool Cotton market closed irregular.

Fair Dhollera	13-16.
4 per cent. Rupee Paper	79¼
4 per cent. do.	85¼
3 per cent. Consols for account	98¼
5 per cent. French Rente, 1872	119¼
Bar Silver	52.

Arrivals—Chan Lamont.
Departure—Timavo.

STEAMER REPORTS.

GALLE, APRIL 11, 2-40 p. m.

French mail steamer Meinan from Calcutta arrived.

TELEGRAPHIC LINE REPORTS.

MADRAS, APRIL 12, 2-23 p. m.

Hongkong, 12th, Manilla mail postponed till 3 p. m. to-morrow.

SURGEON MAYLAN, A. M. D., died on board H. M.'s troopship Euphrates during the voyage from England to Bombay.

AT a meeting of the directors of the Bank of Madras, held on Friday evening, the rates of interest and discount were raised one per cent. all round.

THE Colombo *Examiner* states that Bishop Copplestone intends resigning his see, as the decision of the conference is contrary to his expectations.

AN incident worth recording is that the Chinese community of Singapore have started of their own accord a subscription for the relief of Irish distress.

THE Colombo breakwater works are steadily progressing, and considerable advance has been made. The dredging operations will also be commenced very soon.

THE *Himalaya Chronicle* will reappear in a few days. With the absence of competition at Mussoorie, it ought to have a prosperous career during the present season.

THE recent severe storm at Mussoorie seems to have extended to Rajpore, Deyrah, and the Dhun. Some human lives were lost. The damage done to houses has been considerable.

THE *Civil and Military Gazette* understands that General Watson, who will be speedily promoted to the rank of Major-General, is to command in Kurrum with two brigades under his orders.

THE Hon. Mr. W. H. Ravenscroft left Colombo for England on three months' leave by the H. M. S. Ava. The Hon. Mr. W. D. Wright of the Customs is acting for him as Auditor General and Controller of Revenue.

ACCORDING to the *Indian Herald*, after his interview with the Commander-in-Chief, General Massy went on to Simla to await the Viceroy's decision on the Chief's decision. If that is against him it is probable he will proceed to England to abide the Queen's decision on Lord Lytton's decision on Sir Frederick Haines's decision. There seems to be a redundency of "decision" in military circles just now.

A NEW line of steamers, to be named the Union Line, is advertised for traffic between China and Japan, under the auspices of the China and Japan Shippers' Association. It is to provide tonnage to the Association at fair currrent rates, and has been promoted as a consequence of the Conference of Shipowners. The line at present comprises ten steamers, all more or less known in the trade of the Far East.

THE Ceylon branch of the Royal Asiatic Society has, after a considerable interval of time, published another number of its journal. The papers are all of much interest, especially that of Professor M. Kunte on the Vedic and Buddhistic politics ; but it is so fragmentary, that the reader cannot but regret that the limits of space should have confined him to the few pages to which the paper extends.

IT is said that an important discovery has just been made by Mr. James Bonwick on the Queensland border. Instead of being, as was supposed, a useless desert, it was found that a vast region, several hundred miles in length, both in Western Queensland and the Northern territory, is composed of rich black earth, covered with luxuriant grass, and, what is most important, well watered by numerous streams.

THE weekly *Japan Mail* of March 6th states that His Royal Highness Prince Heinrich, of Germany, was about to visit various celebrated places in the province of Banshui. The Hiogo *Ken* authorities have despatched a number of police sergeants and constables to escort him, so as to prevent the possibility of other disagreable *contretemps*. About the middle of the month H. R. H was to have paid a visit to the Exhibition in Kioto.

ON the docking of the P. and O. steamer Lombardy in Shanghai to repair damages sustained by striking on one of the rocks in the Chusan group, during her voyage from Hongkong to Shanghai, those damages were found to be more serious than was anticipated. The *Celestial Empire* states—" Her forefoot, nearly up to the 12 feet water mark, and about the same distance along the keel, has been carried away. The edges present great jags. Had it not been for her water-tight compartments she could scarcely have been kept afloat."

THE death of Mr. Geo. W. Haden, Editor of the *North-China Daily News*, is reported from Shanghai. Trained in the older school of journalism,—before newspaper work had become so specialized,—Mr. Haden's experience was unusually wide and varied, and he was well acquainted with the details of his profession. A man of indefatigable working power and keen conscientiousness, his death is said in great measure to be due to the neglect of those means of health restoration which he felt convinced he could not seek without detriment to the in terests with which he was charged.

JUGGUT SINGH, of Tajpore, in Bijnour, has published a prospectus, having for its object the establishment of a Bijnour Agricultural Institute or Association. He says he wishes to establish an agricultural institute or association in the hope of starting earnest and continuous effort for the improvement of agriculture, and observes that the possibilities in this direction are practically unlimited ; but until the large landed proprietors of India resolutely set themselves to the task, no appreciable results are likely to be obtained. Juggut Singh also informs the gentry of his district that he has constructed a building for the proposed institute at Bijnour, and has arranged to invest Rs. 15,000 in Government securities to cover present expenses.

A NOTIFICATION appears in a *Gazette of India Extraordinary*, issued on the 9th instant, that all covers intended to reach His Excellency the Viceroy and Governor General, and party, during His Excellency's journey to Umballa and Simla, should be address-ed "Governor General's Camp," without the addition of any post town ; all communications connected with business o' a mere routine nature should be sent, as usual, to the Head Quarters of the several Departments. The party consists of :—

The Hon'ble Genl. Sir E. Johnson, K.C.B., Member of Council.
Colonel A. Johnson, Secy. to Govt., Mily. Dept.
Lieut.-Colonel H. Brackenbury, Private Secy. to Viceroy.
Lieut.-Colonel W. L. Dalrymple, Mily. Secy. to Viceroy.
H. M. Durand, Esq., Under-Secy., Foreign Dept.
Lord Wm. D. Pelersford, V. C. A.-D.-C.
Captain C. W. Muir, A.-D.C.
Captain Hamilton, A.-D-C.

THE Lahore paper says that in considering the new line of railway to Kandahar several mistakes are apt to be made. A large part of the line is looked upon as more or less finished and done with, and great stress is laid on the rapidity with which the rails have been laid down, whilst the important fact that the engineering difficulties connected with the line have yet to be grappled with is overlooked. The feat of making so many miles of surface line per diem depends merely on the rapidity with which the rails can be laid, and the difficulties of the engineers are *nil* ; but the real difficulty connected with the undertaking comes afterwards, namely, the keeping the line open and in good order through the rains, when the aspect of the country is entirely changed and a sandy desert assumes the appearance of an inland lake. Taking into consideration the eccentricity displayed by Indian streams and rivers in leaving their old beds and seeking new ones, the difficulties of the railway engineers and the anxiety they must feel as the rains come on must indeed be great.

A MEETING to consider what measures should be taken to commemorate the services of Dr. W. G. Hunter, Surgeon General, I. M. D., who is about to leave India, was held in the University buildings yesterday afternoon. Dr. H. Cook presided and there was a very influential attendance. The chairman, having made some appropriate remarks, proposed the first resolution which was as follows :—" That this meeting considers it desirable that the services of Surgeon General W. G. Hunter, late Principal of the Grant Medical College, in connection with that institution and the practice of medicine in Bombay, and with regard to his ready co-operation in all matters of public utility, should be commemorated in some suitable and permanent manner." Mr. Dosabhoy Framjee seconded the resolution, which was carried unanimously. It was proposed by Mr. Nanabhoy Byramjee Jeejeebhoy, and seconded by Dr. Lyon, "That a committee be appointed, with power to add to their number, and that such committee be requested to raise subscriptions with a view to carrying out the aforesaid object, and that they be authorised to decide upon the form which the memorial shall take." Dr. Sakharam Arjoon proposed, and Dr. Anna Moreswar Kunte seconded, and it was carried—" That a suitable farewell address be drawn up by the committee and presented to Dr. Hunter before his departure." It was proposed by Mr. Justice West, seconded by Mr. Cowasjee Hormusjee, and supported by Mr. Eduljee Nusserwanjee, that Dr. Lyon, Mr. Nanabhoy Byramjee Jeejeebhoy and Dr. Sakharam Arjoon be appointed honorary secretaries to the committee. The proceedings were brought to a close with a vote of thanks to the chairman. We hold over a detailed report.

THE Court of Enquiry appointed to investigate the conduct of Serjt. Herbert in connection with the counterfeit score sent in at the Rifle match at the Cooria Range, reassembled under the presidency of Captain Tennant, B. V. R. C. yesterday evening. The enquiry, it will be remembered, was adjourned for the attendance of Captain Theodore Cooke, Lieut. Smith, and Serjt. Peaker, of the B. V. R. C. (Poona detachment). Captain Cooke was the only witness from Poona, who attended, but he has no evidence to offer as to how the false score had been caused to be written. He could not enlighten the Court on that point at all. At the same time he made a personal explanation, in which he denied having applied the word "numbskulls" or used any other opprobious epithet to the Executive Committee of the Rifle Association. A statement from Sergeant Peaker was also tendered by him, but was not received as it had no real bearing on the question of the counterfeit score. The court then stated that it had merely now to report to the Commanding Officer its opinion as to whether there was sufficient material in the evidence that had been given before it, to warrant a judicial enquiry, when the witnesses would be placed on their oaths. It had not met to decide the case at all, but to report on the matter to the General. In this view the court left it to Sergeant Herbert to consider whether it would not be better to reserve his statement until the end, after he had heard all the evidence against him, if the case was carried on. Sergeant Herbert elected to do so, and the Court was declared closed. The opinion was not made public, and will, as mentioned, be forwarded to General Hewitt. What the outcome of it all will be, remains to be seen. We understand, however, that the General intends submitting all the papers to the Commander-in-chief.

WE owe it to truth to state that all the physicians who have prescribed to their patients *Grimault & Co.'s Indian Cigarettes* are unanimous in telling that their effect in *asthma, chronic catarrhs, and inflammation of the mucous membrane of the nose, palate, and bronchiæ* is most surprising.—*Vienna Medical Gazette* [Austria].

THE AJUNTA CAVES.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE "BOMBAY GAZETTE."

SIR,—A letter from Mr. James Burgess, in reply to the one from Dr. Rajendralala Mitra in the *Review* of four weeks ago, has come to hand the day after our current paper appears ; and it seems only fair to the Archæological Surveyor to mention this through your columns. As six days must elapse before his letter can appear, I would also count on your good offices so far as to quote the first paragraph of Mr. Burgess's letter. This, as you will see, comprises an important correction of what appears to be a casual but vital misapprehension on Dr. Rajendralala's part as to the indentity of one particular cave. Those who are skilled in these matters will be able to judge whether this question of No. 1 or No. X cave is of any account in presence of the comprehensive review of the whole subject which is ente ed upon by Dr. Rajendralala in the essay of which the first half appears in our paper of yesterday.

April 11. TEDIOR OF "BOMBAY REVIEW."

TO THE EDITOR OF THE "BOMBAY REVIEW."

SIR,—I have just received yours of March 13th containing Dr. Rajendralala's characteristic letter. The first half of it is mainly directed against Mr. Fergusson, for whom I do not need to reply. But let me tell him that the copies made by Dr. Bhau Dajee in 1863 of inscriptions at Ajunta and marked as from "Cave I.," one of the latest of the series,—are from Cave X.—one of the earliest. This makes a very serious difference to the basis of Dr. Rajendralala's theories,****

Lakkundi, Dharwar Districts, April 6.

MEDICAL REGISTRATION ACT.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE "BOMBAY GAZETTE."

SIR,—I observe that it is intended to memorialize Government to pass a Medical Registration Act for Bombay. If such an Act is necessary it should, in my opinion, apply to the whole Presidency as well ; but what I do really consider as urgently necessary is the cessation of the evil and disgraceful practice of allowing our graduates in medicine to keep dispensaries and to gain their livelihood by projects on medicines retailed by them. I know that in Europe, medical men are not permitted to become druggists and to retail medicines, and why should it be allowed in Bombay ? Even in Goa it is not permitted, whereas in almost every lane in Bombay, the eye meets with nothing but grog shops and dispensaries, and at the latter place, you will observe our Medical College graduates, and others too, with a long list of letters affixed to their names and calling themselves surgeons, equally degrading the profession by sitting in their shops, morning and evening, prescrib ing and selling medicines, often rotten, and charging four to six annas for a dose of senna and salt, which cannot have cost more than 1 anna. Bear in mind, that they charge nothing to their patients for medical advice, but take care to prescribe and give just enough of mixture or pills to last for the day, so that the poor unfortunate patient may be compelled to call again the next day, when often the same mixture is repeated and another four or six annas charged. Is Government aware that the majority of these dispensaries supply themselves with medicines which have been rejected by Treacher or Kemp, and can it therefore be wondered at if medicines have not the desired, or produce a contrary, effect ? I know of more than one case where no effect was produced by medicines brought from one of these dispensaries, whereas the same prescription, having been afterwards sent to Treacher and Co., the Compy's chemists, acted prompt and excellent, but the color of the mixture itself was different ! Who knows how many a poor person's suffering is prolonged and life often taken away by the rotten medicines retailed at such places, where, moreover, the compounder or dispenser is a mere lad on ten or twenty rupees. The safe is made by the time, Sir, for us to stop to the traffic carried on by these *chevaliers* in medicine, and if it is to be allowed to continue any longer, a Government inspector should be appointed to visit these filthy looking dispensaries just in the same manner as we have inspectors to examine boilers and are going to have for contagious diseases.

I remember Dr. Birdwood writing some years ago on this subject, and putting our graduates to shame by accusing them of charging four annas for each visit, which is what it amounts to, for attendance is gratis, but medicines must be purchased. I beg to remain, &c.

My opinion is, that no man who holds the diploma of a Licentiate or Surgeon from any of the colleges should be allowed to retail medicines in the city of Bombay. It is disgracing the profession to do so, and I am, therefore, surprised to read in clause 10 of the proposed Medical Registration Act for Bombay, a proviso that the registered practitioners shall be allowed to recover the cost of any medicines supplied to their patients.

To the honor of European doctors, be it said, that none of them retail medicines ; the evil practice is confined to Parsees, Hindoos, and native Christians.

In my next, I propose to give you a detailed list of these dispensaries, by the names of their owners and of the lanes in which they are situat-d.

I commend this important subject to the serious and immediate attention of our legislators and of the worthy professors of the Grant Medical College, as also of the public in general.

April 8. SENNA AND SALT.

BOMBAY.

TO-DAY.

Gaiety Theatre, benefit of Mr. C. S. Nazir, "The Honeymoon." " and The Swiss Cottage," 9 p.m.
Wilson's Circus, 9 p.m.
Municipal Corporation, Adjourned Special General and Quarterly Meetings, 3 p.m.

VESSELS ARRIVED.—The following vessel arrived here on Sunday last :—Timor (s), from Cardiff. Yesterday :—Royal Minstrel (s), Kurrachee ; H. M. Euphrates (s), Portsmouth.

THE Band of H. M's Marine Battalion will *not* play at the Gymkhana this evening.

A VAGRANT.—James Reid, a European, was yesterday declared a vagrant by Mr. W. Webb and was ordered to be sent to the Government Workhouse.

ASSAULT.—Rama Veerah was yesterday fined Rs. 15 by Mr. W. Webb for assaulting Geevee, woman. He was further bound over in the sum of Rs. 200 to keep the peace.

A SWIFT PASSAGE.—The new P. and O. steamer Kaiser-i-Hind is reported to have made the splendid run, from Shanghai to Hongkong, 55 hours, 50 minutes, the smartest, we believe, on record.

SPECIAL JURORS.—The names of the following native gentlemen are added to the list of special jurors :—Mr. Jacob E. Sassoon, Mr. Jehangier Cowasjee Jehanghier, and Mr. Shanker Pandurang Pundit.

MORE POLICEMEN FOR AHMEDNUGGUR DISTRICT.—About forty policemen, belonging to the Poona district police force, left for Ahmednuggur by yesterday morning's train for the suppression of Bheel depredations at that station.—*Poona Observer.*

THEFT.—Dadabhoy Cursetjee and Burjorjee Nuserwanjee were yesterday each sentenced to three months' rigorous imprisonment by Mr. W. Webb for stealing two silk *sarees* and two silk trousers of the collective value of Rs 32, the property of Dinbai, woman.

ACCIDENT.—A stevedore's labourer, named Khondee Oojee, employed ou board the S. S. Columbia, got his right leg seriously injured on Sunday last by a bale of cotton accidentally falling upon it. He was removed to the Goculdas Tejpal Hospital for treatment.

GIVING FALSE INFORMATION TO A POLICEMAN.—Sallarao Mittoo was yesteday fined Rs. 15, or in default one month's rigorous imprisonment by Mr. Nana Morojee for giving false information to a native police constable, with intent to cause injury and annoyance to Ameer Curreem.

CRUELTY TO ANIMALS.—The following is a summary of cases prosecuted by the agents of the S. P. C. A. during the week ending the 10th inst. :—horses, 3 lame ; bullocks 7 lame, 27 sore necks, 2 tumour on neck and 2 emaciated. Total number of cases 41 ; amount of fines Rs. 184-8.

A DISHONEST SERVANT.—Ismail Issub, a servant to Sultan Shaik Chand, was yesterday convicted by Mr. W. Webb of stealing sundry ornaments and articles of clothing appael, valued at Rs 67-10, the property of prisoner's master. He was sentenced to six months' rigorous imprisonment.

A MISSING TOMBSTONE.—A correspondent writes that about six months ago a subscription was set on foot, among those employed on the G. I. P. Railway, with the object of placing a tombstone over the grave of a late guard. He complains that nothing has since been heard about the tombstone, although a considerable sum of money was raised for its purchase.

FATAL ACCIDENT.—A Coroner's inquest was held on Sunday last at Boree Bunder on view of the body of a Hindu boy, aged about 8 years, named Ladoo Urjoon. Deceased was playing perious was up to a stone roller that was being drawn by a labour cart and sat on it unobserved by the cart driver, when he was thrown over, and the roller passing over the boy's skull, killed him on the spot. A verdict of accidental death was recorded.

AN ALLEGED MISTAKE.—A correspondent signing himself "Tom Cringle" writes :—" I see that Surgeon Major Anderson speaking at the meeting on the subject of the testimonial to our retired Surgeon General states that he had the good fortune to preside over a meeting of members of our department (Sub-Medical) some years ago, and that the meeting resulted successfully in the foundation of the present "Arnott Medal." "Tom Cringle" adds that on this occasion Dr. Anderson was conspicuous by his absence.

BOMBAY NATIVE DISPENSARY AT KHETWADY.—The total number of patients treated in the dispensary during the last month was 1,355. This gives a daily average attendance of 140 5. The number of the newly admitted during the month was 1,168. Of the entire number 1,259 were Parsees, 1,824 Hindus, 843 Mussulmans, 236 Christians, and 193 low castes. As to sexes, 1,878 males, 910 females, and 1,567 children. The prevailing diseases were measles, fever (of various types), affections of stomach and bowels and of lungs and air passages. There were 339 cases of various fevers, 294 of stomach bowel affections and 172 of lungs diseases.

THE BOMBAY FEMALE WORKSHOP.—The annual report of this excellent institution has just been issued. It appears that the number of persons admitted to the workshop during the year was 119 women and 20 children, making a total of 139, who were maintained at a cost of Rs. 38·39 per head ; the average monthly number in the shop being 11·41, kept at an outlay of Rs. 4·86 per inmate per mensem. It is gratifying to note that the subscriptions and donations have not fallen off though the times are unfavourable, and there are many demands on the charity of the c mmunity. The proceeds of bills are increasing very satisfactorily, being Rs. 3,938-4-11 against Rs. 3,058-3 last year. The expenses on account of sundries are chiefly due to the charges incidental to the removal of the workshop to more suitable quarters in Grant Road, which amounted to Rs. 423-14. The year's operations show an increase in receipts of Rs. 1,259-19 ; and in expenditure of Rs. 1,635-20, as compared with that of 1878.

A DARING ROBBERY.—On Saturday morning last a noted character, named Abdool Mahomed, who had just been liberated from jail after serving a term of imprisonment, went to Colaba, engaged a couple of coolies and proceeded to the Grant Buildings. He then entered the servants' quarters on the ground floor—that of Rama Mahadoo, butler to Mr. Roberts, of Messrs. Badham, Pile and Co., and Francis DeSouza, butler to a Mr. Spencer, who were both away to the Crawford Markets at that time—ordered the coolies to take up each a box, one of which belonged to Rama and the other to DeSouza, and also placed a bundle of bedding belonging to DeSouza on one of the coolie's heads, and was walking away with the articles to the native town, when fortunately the two butlers on their way back to the Grant Buildings from the market met the two coolies on the road, following Abdool Mahomed with their boxes and bedding which they recognized as their property. On questioning Abdool where he was taking the articles, he made an impudent reply and said the boxes and bedding were his property, but as the two butlers insisted that he should not proceed further with the articles, Abdool stooped down to the ground, picked up a handful of dust and threw it into one of the butler's eyes and face and then endeavoured to run away. He was firmly secured, however, by the two butlers until a policeman, who noticed the skirmish, came up and Abdool was handed over to him. The prisoner was yesterday charged before Mr. C. P. Cooper with theft of the two boxes containing wearing apparel and sundries and the bundle of bedding of the aggregate value of Rs. 67. His Worship committed the prisoner for trial at the present Criminal Sessions of the High Court.

ARRIVAL OF THE TROOPSHIP EUPHRATES.

HER MAJESTY'S Indian troopship Euphrates, 4,173 tons, Captain C. J. Brownrigg, arrived in Bombay harbour yesterday from Portsmouth, which port she left on the 16th March, Malta 25th, Port Said 28th and Suez 31st. During the voyage there were two deaths of one officer and one driver of artillery. The Euphratesbrought 80 officers, 16 ladies and 3 children ; and also 600 men, 39 women and 59 children. The following is the list of officers and their families :—

Major F H Dyke, R.A.
Major and Mrs H Elliot, R.A
Major A F Walsh, 2-10th Foot.
Major R Alexander, B H.A.
Major W B E Ellis, R.A.
Major R D Pild, R.A.
Surg Major W O'Halloran, A M.D.
Surg Major W Collis, AMD,
Surg Major J Hoysted, A M.D.
Surg Major A K Presiold, A M.D.
Surg Major and Mrs J Greig, A M.D.
Surg Major J G Donaldson, A M.D.
Surg Major R Turner, AMD
Surg Major A W Roche, A M.D.
Surg Major W Creyke.
Surg and Mrs W J Fawcett.
Surg W J Charlton, A M.D.
Surg and Mrs W J Moyian, A M.D.
Surg D O'Sullivan, A M.D.
Surg F J Dempsey, A M.D.
Surg A S W Young A M.D.
Surg and Mrs A R Campbell, I M.D.
Surg and Mrs J F Tuoby, I M.D,
Vet Surg T A Hillick, Vet Dept.
Vet Surgeon H Lees, Vt Dept.
Vet Surg A J O Darke, Vet Dept.
Capt G A Logan, 1-1st Foot
Capt W B Nelson, R.A.
Capt Knatchbull, 2-10th Foot
Capt and Mrs A G Tidy, 54th Foot
Capt W Mansel, 40th Foot
Capt F W Beecher, 2-16th Foot
Capt R C A Beatty, 39th Foot
Capt G H C Stracey, 2-6th Foot
Capt F G Shortland, 2-15th Foot
Capt Hon W C Rowley, BA
Capt N J Nugent, R A
Capt R Allsopp, R H A
Lieut F S Champan, 1-21st Foot
Lieut R Story, 4-60th Foot
Lieut M S Lyde, 57th Foot
Lieut G E Holland, R.A.
Lieut A J Lushington, 54th Foot
Lieut R Wynyard, R H A
Lieut H Lawson, 1st W I Regt.
Lieut F C Swann, 45th Foot.
Lieut Hon R Leigh, 15th Hussars.
Lieut E A Aitham, 1-1st Foot.
Lieut G A Keefe, 1-21st Foot.
Lieut H N Bunbury, R A.
Lieut G A Carruthers, 31st Foot.
Lieut G P Anderson, R A.
Lieut G G Bryant, R A.
Lieut E D H Buckley, R A.
Lieut W F Cockburn, R A.
Lieut G D Chamier, R A.
Lieut J K Crampton, R A.
Lieut H M G Dale, R A.
Lieut A H Gordon, R A.
Lieut G W L Grierson, R A.
Lieut T K E Johnston, R A.
Lieut C G Neish, R A.
Lieut G Osborn, R A.
Lieut H Parker, R A.
Lieut C Wood, R A.
Lieut W Elliot, R A.
Lieut F G Winter, R A.
2nd Lieut H H Randolph, 98th Foot.
2nd Lieut H S Richardson, 12th Lancers.
2nd Lieut J C Yole, 2-14th Foot.
2nd Lieut G J W Noble, 13th Hussars.
2nd Lieut G A Carleton, 2-4th Foot.
2nd Lieut J W Cowley, 2-5th Foot
2nd Lieut C A R Blackwell, 2-8th Foot.
2nd Lieut C R F Sladen, 2-15th Foot.
2nd Lieut H C E Cave, 2-16th Foot
2nd Lieut B J C Doran, 1-18th Foot
2nd Lieut A E Aitken, 29th Foot
2nd Lieut G S Hogge, 34th Foot.

A QUESTION OF PERSONATION BY A DEFENDANT.

AT the High Court yesterday, a suit brought by the London, Bombay and Mediterranean Bank against Mahomed Ibrahim Purkar was called on before Mr. Justice West. Mr. Budroodin, who, with Mr. Vicajee, under the instructions of Mr. M. Munshi, appeared for the defendant, said that the case had been specially fixed for that day and should be proceeded with.

Mr Macpherson mentioned that both Mr. Starling and Mr. Farran, the Bank's counsel, were engaged in other courts and he asked for a day's postponement.

Mr. Budroodin objected on the ground that the suit had been brought against a wrong person, and the learned counsel urged that the plaintiffs should be required to state whether they wished to get a decree against the present defendant or not.

Mr. Macpherson said the plaintiffs did not seek for a decree against Mr. Budroodin's client, that they were not proceeding against him, and that they would proceed against the proper defendant the following day on the arrival of two of their witnesses from Bankote.

Mr. Budroodin asked that the suit against his client should be at once dismissed, inasmuch as the plaintiffs admitted that he was not the right defendant. There were fifty persons in Bankote of the present defendant's name. His client was never a shareholder or a contributory of the Bank, and yet the summons was served upon him.

Mr. Macpherson said the summons was not served upon Mr. Budroodin's client. It was affixed to the right place, and was probably taken off by him.

Mr. Budroodin said the summons had been affixed to the wall of his client's house.

Mr. Macpherson said his instructions were that it was affixed to the wall of the house of the proper person, and not to that of Mr. Budroodin's client, and it was with a view to prove this by the evidence of the witnesses who were coming from Bankote that the learned counsel asked for a day's postponement. If Mr. Budroodin's client was not the proper defendent, he need not have appeared. The right defendant was not before the Court.

The Judge—I believe there is no one here to say whether the person before the Court is the real Simon Pure or not.

Mr. Macpherson said the witnesses who were coming were expected to prove who the real defendant was. Mr. Budroodin's client had been set up to personate the right man.

After some discussion, the case was postponed : the plaintiffs to pay the costs of Mr. Budroodin's client, unless they proved a case of personation by him.

SECOND CRIMINAL SESSIONS.

FIRST DAY, MONDAY, APRIL 12

(Before the Hon'ble MR. JUSTICE BAYLEY.)

THE following cases were tried before his Lordship and a common jury :—

DEBASING THE QUEEN'S COIN.

Jugonnath Pandurang was charged with having, on the 20th January last, performed on operation on the Queen's coin, namely, nine rupees, which diminished the weight of articles of current coin, with fraudulently delivering the coin to James Pinto, a conductor of the Bombay Tramway Company ; and Pola Narayen was charged with abetting the offence. Mr. Kirkpatrick, instructed by Mr. Hearn, Public Prosecutor, appeared for the prosecution ; and Mr. Starling, instructed by Mr. Jansardhan, defended the first prisoner, the second being undefended.

The facts of the case appear to be these. On the 20th January last, the first prisoner got into a tram car on the Girgaum line between the Fort and the Thakurdwar junction, and taking a rupee out of his purse, handed it to the conductor in payment of his fare, which was one anna. The conductor sounded the rupee, but did not appear to be satisfied that it was a proper coin. Perceiving, noticing that he entertained some suspicion regarding the coin, asked it to be given back to him, at the same time tendering a four-anna piece. The conductor declined to give it back and appealed to an inspector who was riding in the car. They continued talking over the matter until the car reached the Sonapore junction, where the prisoner got out and tried to escape, but was followed by the inspector and given into custody of the first policeman they met. Prisoner was taken to the Dhobie Talao chowkey and placed before Mr. Zeller, constable of police, who at once marked the rupee. The constable then took prisoner in a buggy to the quarters of Superintendent Smith at the Girgaum Police Court. On the way the constable saw in the prisoner's hand another debased rupee, and accordingly took charge of it. Under the cushion of the buggy was found a purse containing seven debased rupees, the same purse out of which the prisoner had handed the first debased coin to the conductor. The circumstances threw upon the prisoners the responsibility of clearing themselves of the offences with which they were charged. In the investigation made by the police after the first prisoner's arrest, there were found in the room of the second prisoner, who lived in an adjoining room, the materials and the apparatus for debasing coin. The evidence would show, Mr. Kirkpatrick said, that the prisoners were very much together in each other's room and had gone together to purchase nitric acid, and other materials. It would be shown that, when the prisoners were together and operations were going on in the room of the first prisoner, the latter's servant was sent away with a view to preserve the utmost secrecy as to what they were doing.

Evidence for the prosecution was then heard at great length.

At the rising of the court, the case for the prosecution had closed ; and the hearing of the defence was adjourned until to-day (Tuesday). The jury were allowed to separate.

BY administering *Dusart's Syrup of Lactophosphate of Lime* to wet nurses whose altered milk had occasioned *prious and green diarrhœa* to their nurslings, we have witnessed the happy disappearance of that disease and the complete recovery of the little patients.

DUSEAU & PIGOT,
Medical Depôt of Paris Hospitals.

THE COORLA RIFLE MEETING.

IT is a fact, not yet reported by our Bombay contemporaries, that a score paper, not Serjeant Herbert's, was recorded as received in the Secretary's tent, and the scores at the several distances it contained transcribed into match 8 schedule kept by the Secretary for ready reference ; and that this particular ticket mysteriously disappeared from the Secretary's box during the night of the day on which the other "cooked" ticket was exposed. The scores on the ticket 25 at 300, 23 at 500, and 15 at 700 yards, placed the scorer first on the roll for Favre Leuba and Co.'s watch. Why has not this case been brought forward before the Court of Inquiry to show that Herbert's case was not a singular one ?—*Deccan Herald.*

THE VOLUNTEER COURT OF ENQUIRY.

THE Court of Enquiry, under the presidency of Captain W. M. Tennent, B. V. R. C., appointed to investigate Sergeant W. Herbert's conduct in connection with a counterfeit score sent in at a shooting match at the Coorla Rifle Range on the 29th of March, which adjourned on Wednesday evening last, for the attendance of certain witnesses from Poona, re-assembled yesterday evening. Captain T. Cooke, of the Poona detachment, was the only witness who came down.

Captain T. Cooke, B. V. R. C., (Poona Detachment) examined by the Court, stated :—I was on the Coorla Rifle Range on the 29th of March. I have seen this card on which the score is before. I saw it for the first time in the Secretary's tent. I do not know who it is written by.

President—The Court is anxious to know whether any of those witnesses who have been examined by the Court, made any statement to you as to how this score was introduced ?—No. No one made any statement to me as to how it was written, or admitted to me that he had made it out.

Have you any evidence to offer the Court on the subject ?—I have no evidence to offer the Court as to who caused the card to be written.

Did it strike you from what you had read of the evidence given to this Court, that a very different story was proved to what had been told in the newspapers ?—I do not think that the evidence adduced here proved a different story to what had been going the round of the papers. I have, however, to make a personal explanation in regard to some expressions I was said to have used. I am prepared to swear that the word "numbskull" never left my lips for months, and I never called the Executive Committee of the Rifle Association the or any other opprobious epithet, as published in the papers. There is also another thing, which, as it appears on papers looks an important matter, but is really very trifling. It is this—that I interrupted the proceedings of Captain Stokes' enquiry in the Secretary's tent at Coorla with clamour, and that I was called to order for doing so. I do not deny that I asked and suggested certain questions to Captain Stokes, but I deny that I interrupted the meeting or was called to order. I will ask Captain Stokes to corroborate this.

The Adjutant—I can only say what I did before, that you interrupted me in my enquiry, and I spoke to you twice, telling you, if you had any questions I should be happy to hear them, if you would allow me to finish my ;

Captain Cooke—I take this opportunity of stating that I made no interruption of the tendency mentioned in Sergeant Herbert's evidence.

Captain Cooke here handed in a statement from Sergeant Peaker, which contradicted certain statements made in the papers, but contained no evidence in any way bearing upon the subject of the false score. The Court therefore rejected it.

Cross-examined by Sergeant Herbert—You say you never used the word "numbskull," but when I accused you in the mess tent of having applied the word to the Executive Committee in the presence of General Hewitt, why did you not deny it then ?—I never heard you speak to General Hewitt about it in my knowledge, or speak General Hewitt at all in my hearing.

Sergeant Herbert—Do you not remember my saying to you then "thank you, Captain Cook, I daresay we are numbskulls, in having collected for money for you all from Poona to come and shoot for P"—No. [To President.] But I decline to answer such questions as these. I have positively denied using the word "numbskull" as stated by Sergeant Herbert, and that is enough.

Sergeant Herbert—I have a lot of questions to ask Captain Cooke, Sir, but I will not detain the Court after this. I will leave at all to come out at a future time.

The President then intimated that before proceeding further the Court wished to state the decision it had already arrived at. The Adjutant had stated on the first day that the Court would be an open one, and that it was open to the ev

tractor free of charge. It was, therefore, the bounden duty of their engineer, in the interest of the Municipality, to fix rates of prices at which the materials should have been taken over by the contractor. The proper time for the engineer to fix the rate or rates was immediately after he had laid down, on paper, the two clauses, Nos. 64 and 65, and a clause notifying the rates should then have been added. This points out another defect or a sad deficiency in the specification. Had their engineer said in it that Malabar Hill stone should be used in such and such works, and that it should be allowed free of charge, or that so many rupees per *barsa* of the stone should be deducted from the value of the works had he done so, he (Mr. Nusserwanjee) was sanguine that the contractors would have tendered for most of the works at much lower rates, and the result would have been the saving of several thousand rupees to the Municipality. But "might is right," and instead of discharging a manifest duty at the very commencement of the contracts, their engineer now boldly asserted in effect that the contractors tendered for the works with a clear understanding between himself and them that the materials excavated should be allowed them free for use in all the works except that of the reservoir; and under the mighty powers vested in him under the provisions of sections 29 and 41 of the contract, their engineer decided and declared that no claim could be made against the contractor for the use of the Malabar Hill stone used in all the works except that of the reservoir. Passing decisions, in the matter of any disputes or differences arising between the contractors and the Municipality, thus seemed to be pre-eminently their engineer's forte. His decisions must predominate. But, taking a common sense view of the matter—with all due deference to their engineer's decision in the present case—he was humbly of opinion that in the provisions of the well known clauses, Nos. 64 and 65, they had sufficient ground to set his arbitrary and unreasonable decision, which was quite inconsistent with the said provisions, set aside when the time came. They were entitled to receive from the contractor, and the contractor was bound to pay the full value of all materials, used by him in the works or otherwise appropriated. The question was only of the rate, which must needs be decided by their engineer. With regard to the fixing of the rate for the stone, Mr. Nusserwanjee commented upon the contractor's offer to plaster the face of the reservoir wall instead of pointing it on condition that he should be allowed to use Malabar Hill stone instead of Sewree stone in the facing—an offer which involved the expenditure of an extra sum of five rupees per hundred square feet of the facing. From this fact an important inference could be drawn—viz., that he would not have made such an offer, if he knew that he would have to pay, to the Municipality, the price of the stone; for, if he were aware that he would have to pay a rate of, say, Rs. 3 per 100 cubic feet, he would rather purchase Sewree stone at about Rs. 6 than incur an expense of Rs. 3 for the Malabar Hill stone in addition to Rs. 6-8-8 for plastering the 100 cubic feet of face work. Although there appears to be a fair chance for getting their engineer's decision set aside, yet if the technicality of the law should take a formal turn in favour of that decision, the Municipality would have to suffer, through his agency, an additional loss of more than Rs. 25,000. He would now beg to point out another irregularity in the contract. A complete set of plans were prepared as far as the reservoir was concerned, but one of them appeared to have been subsiquently tampered with, and altered, and a correction based on the alteration appeared to have been made to the quantity of stone excavated, on which was increased from 315,000 to 700,000 cubic feet, and the aggregate quantity of the moorum and rock excavation was increased by about 600,000 cubic feet. Mr. Nusserwanjee alluded to the fact that no plans and cross sections of the road and bridge, with the exception of a longitudinal section, had been prepared, and remarked that if a longitudinal section had been dispensed with instead of the cross sections, there would not have been the difficulty which Mr. Forde experienced in determining the quantities of the work done. The absence of some of the necessary plans, the tampering with the one contract plans, and the alteration of the original quantities on the bases of that plan, were irregularities of the gravest nature. He had no wish to touch the subject of the measurement of the various works except so far as he already had done in one instance. Their Consulting Engineer had pointed out several overpayments and discrepancies between the quantities determined by himself and those shown in the statement's prepared by their engineer; and this gentleman had tried his best to refute those overpayments and discrepancies, with what amount of success it was for them to judge. As to the quality of the work of the reservoir he should say that ordinary rubble masonry work, done with Malabar Hill stone, as he should consider it as work of a fair quality; but, viewing it as the work intended for an impermeable reservoir, I should certainly say that it was a work of a very inferior description, both as regards workmanship and the stones. He was not quite sanguine with regard to the impermeablenss of the reservoir. He could not say with any degree of certainty whether this large basin would prove sufficiently water-tight. He would, therefore, strongly recommend that no more money should, for the present, be spent on this work except what is necessary to cover its bottom with concrete and to complete the pointing of its facing. If these two works could be finished before the rains the reservoir had better have, as soon as possible, a trial as to its impermeableness by being completely filled with water. He might be wrong in his views, but he trusted that the experiment would be regarded as one with a trial, and that hardly anything would be lost by a temporary postponement of further works.

NORTH-WEST PROVINCES, OUDH, AND PUNJAUB.

SINGULAR THEFT.—An extraordinary robbery has been committed at Mussoorie. It has been discovered that a cask of brandy at Messrs. Lyell and Co. has been thoroughly emptied by some thieves. It is said that spirit sufficient for 24 dozens of brandy has been taken away, and that the most stringent enquiries have been altogether without result. The idea seems to be that the servants must have drawn the liquor off during the winter, and sold it to persons who conveyed it into the hills.

BENGAL.

TRANSFER OF CONVICTS.—A batch consisting of twenty convicts were yesterday brought down by the 10.15 A. M. mail train, of the Madras Railway, from Vellore, under an escort of 5 constables and a head of the mofussil police, to be lodged at the Chingleput Jail.

THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY'S INSTITUTION.—The annual distribution of prizes to the pupils of this institution took place on Tuesday last in the large Hall of the institution, which was gracefully decorated for the occasion. The Lord Bishop of Calcutta presided. There was a large attendance of ladies, and the body of the hall was completely filled with Native ministers, professors, teachers, and students. The Principal of the institution gave a brief summary report of the past session. The following were the principal points mentioned in Mr. Hastie's statement:—New buildings had been erected at a cost of Rs. 50,000, the main portion of which was advanced by the Foreign Missions' Committee. The debt was to be paid off by the annual surpluses. The attendance in the school department was 687, showing a slight falling—a fact due to the opening of numerous elementary schools by native gentlemen. The success of the students had been unprecedented at the University examinations in the whole history of the college. 17 passed in the entrance examination, in the F. A. examination 40 passed, in the B. A. 18. The receipts of the establishment amounted to Rs. 27,000 and expenses to Rs. 19,000, leaving a surplus of Rs. 8,500. The statement having been submitted, the prizes were distributed, and the Lord Bishop of Calcutta then addressed the audience.

MURDER AND SUICIDE IN MACAO.

A TERRIBLE tragedy occurred last night (March 20) at Macao, the news of which has caus d the greatest consternation amongst the Portuguese community. Colonel Mesquita, the hero of Passaleo (1849), in a fit of insanity, shot his wife and second daughter dead, and also shot his eldest son and eldest daughter several times, and so seriously that they now lie in the most critical condition in the hospital. The body of his wife was found lying near the bed, a pillow in front of it to defend herself. There were two wounds in her body. Their eldest daughter had several wounds in the head and is now in a critical state. The other daughter was found dead in a corner of the room near the cupboard with a pis ol shot in her head. The eldest son has three shots in the body and lies in a precarious state in hospital. The youngest son escaped by jumping from the window. The body of the Colonel himself was found in a well near his house. Colonel Mesquita was a highly-respected gentleman amongst the Portuguese community both here and at Macao, and the deepest horror is felt at the terrible acts of which he has been guilty in his delirium. There have been of late many of his acts which have shown that his reason was unhinged. He has been inclined to fancies that he was engaged in real warfare, and has slashed about in his own room at advancing foes of vast number. No more connected account than the above has been received as yet of this terrible series of tragic events, but the boy who survived will no doubt be able to furnish such.

WRECK OF THE TRAVANCORE.

The steamer, carrying the passengers and mails which left Galle on the 21st February, sailed from Alexandria on the morning of the 5th March, and experienced exceptionally fine weather for the season. Sunday, 7th March, was brilliantly fine and pleasant, and all were in expectation of being in Brindisi by 5 o'clock the following morning, and of being able to congratulate each other on the success of the voyage. Towards night the sea was smooth and the breeze died away, allowing some haze to hang over the water, the stars, however, being plainly visible overhead. Shortly after 3 A.M. every one was aroused by the sudden stoppage of the vessel, which, when going over 11 knots an hour, had struck and run hard fast upon rocks. The few passengers who were awake spoke of feeling a dull grinding shock, but the majority seem to have been aroused simply by the stoppage and the steamer's beginning to lean over to starboard. On going on deck and looking over the port side, a long ledge or table of rocks, a few feet out of water, and not 15 yards from the ship, was distinctly visible, and at the back of this a mountain. The night was certainly foggy, but nevertheless the rocks and the mountain were unmistakably visible at the moment spoken of, 3-22 A.M. It was soon found that there was water in the fore compartment, and soundings showed over 4 fathoms on the starboard, with half that depth on the port side. The list to starboard continued to increase, and, as it did not appear impossible that the steamer might slip from her position or roll over, boats had been lowered at once, and the passengers, numbering about 50 in all, were embarked soon after four, the ladies, who all behaved admirably, being of course despatched in the first boat. The sea was perfectly calm, and there was no difficulty in getting into the boats beyond that arising out of the darkness of the night. The list of the steamer had increased until the last of the passengers readily stepped from the top of the gangway into the boats. Orders were given to pull clear of the ship and wait there. An officer was in charge of each boat with a few lascar seamen, and in the ignorance of the position of the ship it was deemed advisable to supply each one with water and biscuit. The Captain, Engineer, Stewards, and a small knot of the crew remained on board. After hanging about for perhaps an hour, a fishing boat appeared, which piloted the ship's boats into a little rocky cove about 1½ mile from the steamer. It was then found that the scene of the disaster was called Castro Martium, about 10 miles south of Otranto, and well in the bay which commences from Cape S. Maria. Day had broken by the time the boats had landed the passengers, upon which they immediately returned to the ship, the position of which, as revealed by the rising day, exhibited no small amount of surprise, not that she had finally been brought up by the rocks so much as that she had gone so far up the bay without previous striking, having, as it were, shaved the headlands which form several smaller coves and bays, and finally run for half a mile parallel to a bay of rock. A course slightly further out would probably have brought the Travancore stem on to perpendicular cliffs with deep water under them. The whole coast is ragged limestone rock. The village of Castro, possibly three or four hundred feet above the sea, surrounded by remains of ancient fortifications, contained a very small population, and no sort of accommodation. The passengers took refuge in a small coastguard station placed half way up the heights, and the majority passed the day there. Mails and passengers' baggage were landed on the rocks near the ship, and efforts were made to move the ship by the use of the screw more or less throughout the day, but without effect. Provisions were sent ashore to the passengers, and as evening approached, while it was still doubtful whether they would not have to remain the night where they were, bedding was also sent; indeed, generally, everything that could be done under the circumstances for their comfort was done. The Captain had despatched the head steward (an Italian) to find the nearest telegraphstation immediately after the accident. He returned about midday with the intelligence that the nearest point at which the South Italian Railway could be reached was 10 miles away over a bad road. He had despatched a telegram to the P. and O. Agent at Brindisi, but no reply had yet arrived, and it was not until after five in the afternoon that the passengers had any idea of what steps were being taken for their release. At that time two small steamers were seen standing into the bay. Mails and baggage were shipped immediately on one of them, and the Travancore's boats then took off the passengers with the exception of some half-dozen who had been lucky enough to find means of conveyance across country to the railway, and were able to reach Brindisi that evening. By nightfall the lower side of the deck was just awash, and the Captain felt compelled to abandon the steamer, as a swell was getting up, and the inhabitants of the place pointed out indications of coming sirocco. One steamer remained by the Travancore, the other starting a little before 9 for Brindisi, which place was reached about 7 in the morning, after a very rough passage in half a gale of wind, which caused extreme discomfort to the ladies of the party, the steamer being empty and its accommodation most limited. A gun was fired [somewhat hardly], after the accident, and a second after some interval. A rocket was also sent up, but it was long before any authorities of the place appeared. The passengers, however, had nothing more formidable to encounter than crowds of beggars, who swarmed in the coast-guard station. These were eventually dispersed when a few gens-d'armes or soldiers began to appear, but they were replaced by an equal number of better dressed people who gradually collected from all directions. A force of Carabineers came down with the small steamer, and others appeared from the mainland. Their object may have been the protection of the property, but it soon appeared that protection of the Italian revenue was not lost sight of, for it was intimated that provisions and bedding landed from the ship were liable to duty. On the other hand it should be noticed that a country gentleman in the neighbourhood hospitably offered to receive some of the ladies into his own house, and to find shelter for the whole of the party, before it was known that the steamers could take them away before evening. No panic or confusion prevailed.—*Englishman.*

AFFAIRS AT PEKIN.

WE summarise an article in the *North China Herald*, which gives a very clear idea of affairs at Pekin. Advices from the capital up to the latest date state that the sentence of Ch'ung How to decapitation is confirmed, and the general impression is that the sentence will be carried into effect, one of the reasons for this belief being that the edict is issued by the Empresses themselves and not by the Emperor. The edict is somewhat to this effect:—"Having received a memorial in report from Prince Li (the fifth prince) that the degraded official Ch'ung How has been guilty of grave offences against the statues, it is recommended that he should be punished by decapitation after the next assizes." These will be held next December. The Foreign Ministers, it is stated on the best authority, did send to the Chinese authorities despatches protesting against the treatment Ch'ung How was subjected to, and that they received replies couched in most courteous terms. It is also believed by those in well-informed circles that both Prince Kung and Li Hung-chang used their influence and support in Ch'ung How's favour, but that they had to yield to the pressure of the other side, otherwise they themselves, it is even said, might have found themselves unpleasantly situated. It was Tso Tsung-t'ang, the successful Commander of the forces in the North-west, who originally memorialised the Throne charging Ch'ung How with high treason, but it is generally accepted belief that the seventh prince (the father of the present Emperor) the one next to Prince Kung, is his principal denouncer. A bitter hatred of foreigners and all that is foreign is spoken of as the main features of his policy.

ABOUT the same time that Ch'ung How's sentence was made public, it was rumoured that he was appointed Commander-in-Chief of the forces throughout the Empire. It was this rumour that gave rise to the apprehensions of serious trouble, and the uneasiness that prevailed was such that the Foreign Ministers addressed their Admirals to go regulate their fleets as to be available in case of necessity. The French gunboat Lynx and the U. S. gunboat Palos were ordered to remain at Tientsin until further orders, and the German gunboat Cyclops and H. M.'s gunboat Lapwing were ordered North. The report, however, that the Bannermen had revolted seems to have been founded on fact. They are on a somewhat similar footing to the Landwehr forces in Germany or the militia in England, and can be called into active service at any moment. But this threatening aspect of affairs was somewhat assuaged by a modified report to the effect that the appointment of the seventh prince as Commander-in-Chief had not been definitely decided upon, and that the matter was still under consideration. The *N. C. Herald* expresses the belief, however, that he will receive not only the appointment referred to, but that he will be ultimately chosen to fill a still more exalted position, in which he would have the affairs of the Empire absolutely under his control, and if this were so it would, no doubt, have a tendency to increase the aggressive feeling of Russia towards China.

THOUGH it is believed the populace and even many of those within Governmental circles have but the faintest idea of the actual state of affairs, it can hardly be denied that a feeling in favour of war with Russia prevails, as the impression exists that that Power is inclined to "gobble up" (to use the exact Chinese expression) as much of Chinese territory as she can. It is also said that the anti-foreign proclivities of the seventh prince are so strong that there is ground for apprehension that more overt acts against foreigners generally will gradually be developed, and that the Foreign Ministers will find it more difficult to manage their affairs as satisfactorily as they have done in the past.

THE same paper also states that the difficulty with Japan anent the Loochoo question is represented as being *in statu quo*. It is generally believed that the Chinese Government has made a request to the Japanese to submit the matter to arbitration, and that as yet no answer has been received. To put it in the mildest possible terms the circumstances certainly warrant the belief that it will require all the ability, skill and astuteness of China's best diplomatists to pilot her through her existing difficulties with Russia and Japan as well as to stave off internal dissensions.

THE Hongkong *Overland China Mail* says there are rumours on all sides, but nothing definite, as to a rupture between China and Russia and an impending war. China is busy preparing for emergencies. The munitions of war business is very lively just now and some large gun contracts have been settled for the Nanking Arsenal. The idea is revived about a war between Japan and China. It is noted that the war vessels of the foreign powers are clustering at Shangai.

THE *Celestial Empire* states:—"News reaches us from a pretty good source that Ch'ung How has been sentenced to be decapitated; and it is determined to carry the sentence into effect. We are further informed that a number of the Tartar troops were in a state of mutiny, and had declared that they would rescue and protect the distinguished prisoner. There is no doubt that the condition of affairs at Peking, when the last advices left, was very threatening, and that a political crisis was at hand. *** A military conflict at Pekin might be the signal for hostilities between the Tartar and Chinese garrisons throughout the Empire. The contest might be long and bloody, or sharp and decisive; but foreign sympathy and foreign help would probably decide this, as it did the last great struggle amongst the Chinese."

THE *Straits Times* says:—The war party in Pekin, headed by the father of the young Emperor, is said to be in the ascendant, and war wi Russia or Japan or both is said to be imminent. The treaty with Russia about the surrender of Kuldja has been disapproved of, and Ch'ung How, the unfortunate ambassador who negociated it, has been sentenced to decapitation in December next, despite the remonstrances of the Foreign Ambassadors, who consider the situation so threatening that they have ordered their gunboats to stand fast at Tientsin. It is also reported to be the intention of the Chinese Government to resume the old exaction of an annual tribute from Siam the same as from Tonquin, Ava, Thibet and Nepaul, but things are not likely to go beyond a threat, as Siam is certain to have the support of England, France and America in its refusal. All these rumours would seem to show that China is awaking from its sleep and isolation of ages, and, beginning to feel its strength, is desirous of asserting its position as one of the Great Powers of the world.

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CABUL SERVICE TENTS.
(of Regulation sizes and weights.)
7 feet square weighing 80 lb. Rs. 75
10 ,, ,, ,, 150 ,, 120
WATERPROOF SHEETS.

Size.	Price.
7 feet by 4½ feet	3 12 6 ea.
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Blue Broad Cloth for servants, 56 inches wide, at 2 rupees per yard.
Superior Khakhie Dyed Drill at 6 annas and 7 annas per yard, 27 inches wide.
The above rates are for delivery at Cawnpore Railway Station.
The Company's Tents are made of their superior Drills which will be found lighter and more durable than those made from other materials.
Officers going on service are requested to note that no delay will occur in complying with their orders and which should be accompanied with a remittance for the value.
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NOTICES.

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SADDLERY AND HARNESS
OF EVERY DESCRIPTION.
WHIPS, SPURS,
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MILITARY ACCOUTREMENTS.

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STEEL DIES, WITH CRESTS,
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	Rs. 11 per barre	lbs. each.
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FF	11-8	do do.
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	à do 10	do.
F	do 10	do.
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The above prices are subject to 2 per cent. discount.
No. 6, 1 lb. cannister at Rs. 45 per case 25 lbs. nett cash.
Blasting Powder Rs. 8-8-0 per Barrel of 25 lbs.
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May 16, 1879. No. 6, Apollo Street, Fort.

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J. & E. ATKINSON,
24, Old Bond Street, London.
The genuine guaranteed by TRADE MARK—"A White Rose on a Golden Lyre."

NOTICE.
NOTICE is hereby given, that on April 14th, and on each successive WEDNESDAY during the season, AUCTION SALES will be held at Kunta, Taluka Patri, of SALT of this season, manufactured at the following Salt works in Daman territory:—

Varkund,	Dholar,
Dhundhuta,	Jampur,
Karia,	Perisil,
Magarwara,	Jhari,

The Salt will be put up to Auction by separate heaps which will be open to the inspection of intending bidders on application to the Sarkarkun at Kunta.
The purchaser must deposit the price of the estimated contents of the heap, exclusive of duty, which will be levied on his obtaining the Government permit to remove the Salt from the works.
The Salt will be weighed, bagged and removed in accordance with the ordinary practice at Government Salt works. Bags can be obtained by application to the Sarkarkun, Kunta, at the price of annas 5 each.
Further information can be obtained from the Sarkarkun at Kunta near Daman.
C. POGSON,
Assistant Collector of Salt Revenue, Surat Range.
Office of the Assistant Collector of Salt Revenue, Surat Range Camp, Varkund. 9th April 1880.

THE CHEAPEST BOOKS IN BOMBAY AT SOCIETY FOR PROMOTING CHRISTIAN KNOWLEDGE.
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Tracts, Sunday School Reward Cards, &c.
Books not in stock ordered from England.

NOTICE.
SIR PIERRE LOUIS NAPOLEON CAVAGNARI, C.S.I., AND K.C.B., DECEASED.
PURSUANT to Act XXVIII. of 1866 of the LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL of INDIA, entitled "THE TRUSTEES' and MORTGAGEES' POWERS ACT, 1866," NOTICE is hereby given, that all PERSONS being CREDITORS of or otherwise having any CLAIMS upon or against the Estate of Sir Pierre Louis Napoleon Cavagnari, C.S.I. and K.C.B., late Political Resident at Cabul in Afganistan, deceased, who was killed at Kabul aforesaid on or about the third day of September 1879, and LETTERS of ADMINISTRATION of whose Property and credits throughout British India (with his last Will and Testment annexed) were granted on the 19th day of March, instant, by the High Court of Judicature at Bombay, to ALFRED DANN SAUNDERS, a partner in the firm of Messrs. King, King & Co., of Bombay, are required on or before JULY-DAY, the 27th day of April, 1880, to send to the said Administrator at the office of Messrs. King, King & Co., in Church Lane, within the Fort of Bombay, the particulars of their claims upon or against the estate of the said deceased. At the expiration of such time the Administrator will hand over the whole of the assets of the said deceased to Lady Mercy Emma Cavagnari, widow and sole executrix named in the Will of the said deceased having regard only to the claims of which he, the said Administrator, shall then have notice and all persons indebted to the deceased's Estate or having property of his in their hands are hereby required to pay their debts or hand over such property to the said Administrator.—Dated his 23rd day of March 1880.
CRAIGIE, LYNCH & OWEN,
Solicitors, Bombay.

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"OLD DR. JAC